(Convenience translation into English from the original previously issued in Portuguese)

ELDORADO BRASIL CELULOSE S. A.

Independent auditor's review report

Individual and consolidated interim financial information
As at September 30, 2017

PST/ RM/ AA/ DL/ LCSM 1006i/ 18

ELDORADO BRASIL CELULOSE S.A. Individual and consolidated interim financial information As at September 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON THE INDIVIDUAL AND CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Shareholders, Board Members and Management of **Eldorado Brasil Celulose S. A.**São Paulo – SP

Introduction

We have reviewed the individual and consolidated interim financial information of **Eldorado Brasil Celulose S.A.** (the Company) included in the quarterly information for the quarter ended September 30, 2017, which comprise the individual and consolidated interim statement of financial position as at September 30, 2017 and the respective individual and consolidated interim statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine months periods then ended, and the individual and consolidated interim statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month period then ended, as well as the corresponding notes to the quarterly information, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation of this individual and consolidated interim financial information in accordance with Technical Pronouncement CPC 21 (R1) – Interim financial statements and with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and for the presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the Quarterly Information. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this individual and consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Brazilian and international standards on review engagements (NBC TR 2410 and ISRE 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. An interim review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards. An interim review does not provide assurance that we would become aware of any or all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for qualified conclusion

Plea Bargain Agreement, Leniency Deal and Independent Investigation

As described in Note 31 to the individual and consolidated interim financial information, in May 2017, some executives and former executives of the Group J&F Investimentos S.A. (J&F), entered into Plea Bargain Agreements with the Attorney General's Office (PGR), later blessed by the Supreme Court of Brazil (STF). The agreements establish, among other things, cooperation with the Federal Public Prosecution Office (MPF) relating to all facts reported to that authority. Also, in June 2017, J&F entered into a Leniency Deal with MPF. On August 24, 2017, MPF 5th Chamber blessed the Leniency Deal entered into and on October 11, 2017 the federal regular judge of the 10th Federal Court of Distrito Federal, on a justification hearing, also approved in court the mentioned deal.



The Deal refers to the operations "Cui Bono", "Carne Fraca," "Sepsis" and "Greenfield". On September 21, 2017, the Company joined the Leniency Deal, therefore avoiding the financial impacts of the Deal fully assumed by J&F.

The conduction of an internal investigation on the facts reported in the Plea Bargain Agreements related to the Company is one of the obligations established in the Leniency Deal. The Independent Supervision Committee (CSI) of the Leniency Deal has, among other functions, the responsibility of approving the service providers conducting the internal investigations at the Company, as well as adjusting the respective work plans. The expert professionals started the investigation process in September 2017, and they are external and independent from the Company. So far, those professionals have substantially developed with the investigations, corroborating in large part the irregularities in the Annexes of the Collaboration, including an evaluation of the information of the people signing the representation letter made available to the independent auditor, and we are not aware of any irregular points or that required further analysis.

As mentioned in Note 3.f to the individual and consolidated interim financial information, the Cooperation Agreements were analyzed and their effects recorded in the individual and consolidated financial statements and in the comparative financial information.

In addition to the matters previously referred to, we highlight the following issues pending solution, and not fully under control of the Company, whose possible effects may result in significant changes to the individual and consolidated financial statements, as well as to the comparative financial information, including aspects related to insufficient disclosure of certain information in the notes:

- There is complementary information presented by J&F to MPF, provided for in the Collaboration and the Plea Bargain Agreement, which, although considered in the scope of the investigation, not yet made public;
- The independent investigation required in the Leniency Deal with MPF was started and is monitored by the Independent Supervision Committee, with the availability of the preliminary report and remaining certain investigative procedures, so that the investigation is completed;
- Because of its decision to join the Leniency Deal between J&F and MPF previously mentioned, the Company has no ongoing negotiations of deals with other Federal, State or Municipal authorities or entities, in relation to similar deals with those bodies related to the existence of other responsibilities or obligations not previously assumed.

Therefore, although it is expected that the Company will not have any significant effects to its individual and consolidated financial statements, seeing the limitations referred to above, we are not able to assure, until this date, that no significant effects will exist, including tax ones.

Qualified conclusion on the individual and consolidated interim financial information

Based on our review, except for the matter mentioned in the section "Basis for qualified conclusion", nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying individual and consolidated interim financial information included in the quarterly information referred to above has not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) and IAS 34, and presented in accordance with the standards issued by CVM applicable to the preparation of Quarterly Information.



Emphasis

Restatement of previous interim financial information and financial statements

As described in Note 3.f to the individual and consolidated financial statements, the disclosure and amounts corresponding to the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 and to the opening balance at January 1, 2016, as well as the individual and consolidated interim financial information for the quarter ended September 30, 2016, were amended and are being restated to reflect the correction of errors and improve its disclosure through notes, in order to show the comparison and consistency of the accounting information of the Company. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

ICMS to be recovered

As described in Note 9 to the individual and consolidated financial statements, which describes the actions that the Company has prioritized in order to maximize the realization of ICMS credits that are conditioned mainly in the expectation of increased sales of pulp to the market and the granting of incentives by the government of the State of Mato Grosso do Sul to pay suppliers to be hired under the project to expand production. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other matters

Statements of value added

We also reviewed the individual and consolidated statements of value added for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2017, prepared by the Company's Management, whose disclosure in the interim financial information is required in accordance with the standards issued by CVM and considered as supplemental information by the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), which do not require the disclosure of the statement of value added. These statements were submitted to the same review procedures previously described and based on our review, except for the matter mentioned in the section "Basis for qualified conclusion", we are not aware of any fact that would lead us to believe that they have not been fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the individual and consolidate interim financial information, taken as a whole.

Review of the prior year and period amounts

The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, presented for comparison purposes, now restated due to the matters described in Note 3.f to the individual and consolidated interim financial information, were reviewed by other independent auditors, whose report thereon, dated March 28, 2018, was modified regarding the: (i) non-compliance with certain covenants of loans and financing agreements with financial institutions as at December 31, 2016. The Company obtained the waiver from the financial institutions only after the closing date of the mentioned year and did not have the unconditional right to postpone the settlement of these obligations recorded in the individual and consolidated statements of financial position in the amounts of R\$ 7,620,171 thousand and R\$ 9,066,535 thousand, respectively, in at least twelve months after December 31, 2016, also the amounts of R\$ 5,328,757 thousand and R\$ 6,702,349 thousand were classified in noncurrent liabilities, individual and consolidated, respectively, but should be fully classified to current liabilities. Consequently, the individual and consolidated current liabilities, as at December 31, 2016, were understated by R\$ 5,328,757 thousand and R\$ 6,702,349 thousand, respectively, and the individual and consolidated noncurrent liabilities are overstated by those amounts. As mentioned in that note, before September 30, 2017 the Company obtained relief from compliance with the indexes established for December 31, 2016 or, according to the case, the renegotiation of the indexes to new levels met by the Company. Our report of conclusion on the interim financial information for the quarter period ended September 30, 2017 is not qualified in respect of this matter; e (ii) regarding the same matter mentioned in the section "Basis for qualified conclusion".



The individual and consolidated interim financial information for the quarter ended September 30, 2016, presented for comparison purposes, now restated due to the matters described in Note 3.f to the individual and consolidated interim financial information, was reviewed by other independent auditors whose report thereon, dated March 28, 2018, was modified regarding the same matter mentioned in the section "Basis for qualified conclusion".

The accompanying financial information has been translated into English for the convenience of readers outside Brazil.

São Paulo, March 28, 2018.



BDO RCS Auditores Independentes SS CRC 2 SP 013846/O-1

Paulo Sérgio Tufani

Accountant CRC 1 SP 124504/O-9

Eldorado Brasil Celulose S.A.

Statements of financial position as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016
(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

			Parent company			Consolidated					Parent company			Consolidated	
Assets	Note	09/30/2017	12/31/2016 (Restated)	01/01/2016 (Restated)	09/30/2017	12/31/2016 (Restated)	01/01/2016 (Restated)	Liabilities	Note	09/30/2017	12/31/2016 (Restated)	01/01/2016 (Restated)	09/30/2017	12/31/2016 (Restated)	01/01/2016 (Restated)
Current								Current							
Cash and cash equivalents	5.1	174,581	829,602	1,058,790	405,575	1,044,637	1,264,151	Loans and financing	17	2,103,235	2,291,414	2,286,481	2,197,580	2,364,186	2,286,481
Trade accounts receivable	6	845,722	954,120	1,128,532	542,810	525,453	540,860	Trade accounts payable	16	188,399	229,311	203,773	191,350	239,050	212,962
Inventories	8	311,682	349,840	255,080	481,674	506,186	530,106	Intercompany payables	7	118,070	115,404	45,153	16,078	36,205	45,153
Recoverable taxes	9	362,364	168,177	369,717	362,619	168,913	371,640	Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges	18	208,177	147,035	124,025	211,825	149,944	125,880
Advances to suppliers	10	35,518	30,459	40,517	35,577	30,577	46,288	Other current liabilities		15,054	7,266	15,132	25,718	17,766	29,187
Derivatives receivable 29	(i.b)	-	12,846	89,871	-	12,846	89,871								
Intercompany receivables	7	2,776	27,241	-	112	24,500	-	Total current		2,632,935	2,790,430	2,674,564	2,642,551	2,807,151	2,699,663
Assets available for sale	11	5,887	-	-	5,887	•	-								
Other current assets		57,739	31,445	19,587	58,195	31,835	20,553								
Total current		1,796,269	2,403,730	2,962,094	1,892,449	2,344,947	2,863,469								
								Noncurrent							
Noncurrent								Loans and financing	17	4,568,450	5,328,757	7,080,152	5,872,795	6,702,349	7,080,152
Trade accounts receivable	6	1,473	-	•	1,473	-	-	Trade accounts payable	16	7,074	-	-	7,074	-	-
Financial investments	5.2	165,483	161,399	114,524	214,610	161,399	114,524	Intercompany payables	7	1,292,016	1,364,929	-	-	-	-
Recoverable taxes	9	718,260	740,815	578,158	718,262	743,648	580,827	Provision for procedural risks	20	11,291	7,484	5,006	11,291	7,484	5,006
Advances to suppliers	10	84,376	76,948	59,511	84,376	76,948	59,511	Provision for losses on controlled companie	e 13	-	87,412	126,929			
Deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes	19	427,053	543,859	536,791	427,053	543,859	536,791								
Deposit, guarantees and others		6,446	5,343	2,746	6,751	5,554	2,936	Total noncurrent		5,878,831	6,788,582	7,212,087	5,891,160	6,709,833	7,085,158
Other noncurrent assets		15,022	15,026	14,909	15,024	15,028	14,909								
		1,418,113	1,543,390	1,306,639	1,467,549	1,546,436	1,309,498	Equity	21						
								Capital stock		1,788,792	1,788,792	1,788,792	1,788,792	1,788,792	1,788,792
Biological assets	12	2,458,214	2,050,789	1,736,309	2,458,214	2,050,789	1,736,309	Cumulative translation adjustments		(270)	(3,989)	(12,418)	(270)	(3,989)	(12,418)
Investments	13	218,089	108,074	108,061	-	-	-	Retained earnings (Accumulated losses)		216,696	(491,113)	(777,650)	216,696	(491,113)	(777,650)
Fixed assets	14	4,620,544	4,760,269	4,764,993	4,688,414	4,831,642	4,834,979								
Intangible assets	15	5,755	6,450	7,279	32,303	36,860	39,290	Total equity		2,005,218	1,293,690	998,724	2,005,218	1,293,690	998,724
Total noncurrent		8,720,715	8,468,972	7,923,281	8,646,480	8,465,727	7,920,076	Total liabilities		8,511,766	9,579,012	9,886,651	8,533,711	9,516,984	9,784,821
Total assets		10,516,984	10,872,702	10,885,375	10,538,929	10,810,674	10,783,545	Total liabilities and equity		10,516,984	10,872,702	10,885,375	10,538,929	10,810,674	10,783,545

Statements of income

Quarters ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

		Parent company			Consolidated				
				2010	5			2016	
		2017		(Restated)		2017		(Restated)	
	Note	3rd quarter	Accum.	3rd quarter	Accum.	3rd quarter	Accum.	3rd quarter	Accum.
Net revenue	22	604,632	2,000,790	617,409	2,069,088	825,496	2,345,016	658,100	2,222,942
Cost of goods sold	24	(368,806)	(1,140,275)	(371,634)	(1,121,441)	(371,766)	(1,135,173)	(370,336)	(1,136,579)
Gross profit		235,826	860,515	245,775	947,647	453,730	1,209,843	287,764	1,086,363
Operating revenues (expenses)									
Administrative and general	24	(25,338)	(82,891)	(22,630)	(72,613)	(28,309)	(92,622)	(30,596)	(97,443)
Selling and logistics	24	(37,650)	(117,402)	(36,571)	(105,709)	(80,964)	(251,943)	(84,775)	(263,264)
Fair value of biological assets		14,504	338,026	-	-	14,504	338,026	-	-
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	13	168,009	196,361	(13,835)	(52,270)	· -	· -	-	
Other revenues, net	26	29,401	90,132	65,175	254,898	29,389	90,054	65,165	255,311
Income before financial revenues (expenses) and	ı								
taxes		384,752	1,284,741	237,914	971,953	388,350	1,293,358	237,558	980,967
Net financial income (loss)	25								
Financial expenses		(195,561)	(625,719)	(193,969)	(1,579,192)	(196,854)	(632,223)	(193,511)	(1,588,626)
Financial revenues		8,360	71,123	23,963	61,139	8,508	71,563	23,975	61,374
Exchange rate gains (losses), net		208,502	149,424	(63,778)	867,395	208,428	149,450	(63,872)	867,620
Income before provision for									
income and social contribution taxes		406,053	879,569	4,130	321,295	408,432	882,148	4,150	321,335
Income and social contribution taxes	19								
Current		(44,256)	(54,954)	7,134	(59,267)	(46,635)	(57,533)	7,114	(59,307)
Deferred		(16,171)	(116,806)	5,493	(6,524)	(16,171)	(116,806)	5,493	(6,524)
Income for the period		345,626	707,809	16,757	255,504	345,626	707,809	16,757	255,504
Earnings per thousand shares		0.23	0.46	0.01	0.17	0.23	0.46	0.01	0.17

Statements of comprehensive income

Quarters ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

		Parent company				Consolidated			
		2016					201	16	
	201	2017		(Restated)		17	(Restated)		
	3rd quarter	Accum.	3rd quarter	Accum.	3rd quarter	Accum.	3rd quarter	Accum.	
Income for the period	345,626	707,809	16,757	255,504	345,626	707,809	16,757	255,504	
Exchange rate gains (losses) on investments	(2,075)	3,719	(42)	8,512	(2,075)	3,719	(42)	8,512	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	343,551	711,528	16,715	264,016	343,551	711,528	16,715	264,016	

Statements of changes in equity

Quarters ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

	Capital	Retained earnings/ accumulated	Cumulative translation	
	social	losses	adjustments	Total
Balances as at December 31, 2015 (Restated)	1,788,792	(777,650)	(12,418)	998,724
Net income for the period Exchange rate gains (losses) on investments		255,504	8,512	255,504 8,512
Balances as at September 30, 2016 (Restated)	1,788,792	(522,146)	(3,906)	1,262,740
Balances as at December 31, 2016	1,788,792	(491,113)	(3,989)	1,293,690
Net income for the period Exchange rate gains (losses) on investments	-	707,809	3,719	707,809 3,719
Balances as at September 30, 2017	1,788,792	216,696	(270)	2,005,218

Statements of cash flows

Quarters ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

Cash flows from operating activities	_	Parent	company	Consolidated		
Cash Brows from operating activities \$79,59 \$31,295 \$82,148 \$21,335 Income before Income and Social Combinion Taxes \$79,590 \$31,295 \$82,148 \$21,335 Income before Income and Social Combinion Taxes \$79,590 \$31,295 \$82,148 \$21,335 Income before Income and Social Combinion Taxes \$79,590 \$186,545 \$190,016 Deprecision and amerization \$12,123 \$6,407 \$134,713 \$6,407 Deprecision and amerization \$2,653 \$6,407 \$134,713 \$6,407 Appreciation amerization of fixed assets \$8,071 \$33,155 \$6,373 \$33,249 Familiar Charges - Interest and exchange rate gains (losses) \$31,209 \$414,733 \$30,400 Familiar Charges - Interest and exchange rate gains (losses) \$31,000 \$41,000 \$41,000 \$41,000 Familiar Charges - Interest and exchange rate gains (losses) \$31,007 \$23,777 \$30,07 \$23,777 Tarda accounts receivable - exchange rate gains (losses) \$3,007 \$23,777 \$30,07 \$23,777 Particular Charges - Interest and exchange rate gains (losses) \$3,007 \$23,000 \$44,123 \$41,000 Particular Charges - Interest and exchange rate gains (losses) \$3,007 \$23,000 \$44,123 \$41,000		09/30/2017		09/30/2017		
Income part Social Contribution Taxes Adjustments to reconcile income	Cash flows from operating activities	879 569		882 148		
Description and amortization 177,517 185,090 186,545 190,016 Depection and amortization 132,123 65,407 134,713 65,407 Appreciation amortization 2,653 2,653 2,653 2,653	Income before Income and Social Contribution Taxes	077,507	321,273	002,140	321,333	
Description and amortization 177,517 185,090 186,545 190,016 Depection and amortization 132,123 65,407 134,713 65,407 Appreciation amortization 2,653 2,653 2,653 2,653						
Dependent and amortization						
Appreciation amortization 2,653 3.2,653 3.3,249 Fair value of biological assets 38,671 331,556 8,673 332,494 Fair value of biological assets 38,029 (414,735) 361,416 (511,699) Finance charges - interest and exchange rate gains (losses) 312,699 (414,735) 361,416 (31,699) Finance charges - interest and exchange rate gains (losses) 31,007 (41,714 38,07 1.174 Trade accounts receivable - exchange rate gains (losses) 3,307 52,277 3,307 52,277 Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies 1,032,020 259,954 1,203,108 64,112 Decrease (increase) in assets 1,032,020 259,954 1,203,108 64,112 Decrease (increase) in assets 1,1748 (60,158) 92,789 39,266 Recoverable taxes 1,1748 (60,158) 92,789 39,266 Recoverable taxes 1,1748 (60,158) 22,789 39,266 Recoverable taxes 1,1748 (60,158) 32,789 39,266 Advances to suppliers 1,1748 (60,158) 31,561 Advances to suppliers 1,1748 (60,158) 33,156 (83,533) 31,561 Advances to suppliers 1,1748 (60,158) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 33,156 (83,533) 34,170 (83,533) 34,170 (83,533) 34,170 (83,533) 34,170 (83,533) 34,170 (83,533) 34,170 (83,533) 34,170 (83,533) 34,170 (83,533) 34,170 (83,533) 34,170		177,517	185,090	186,545	190,016	
Residual value of assets written off of fixed assets \$8,671 \$31,550 \$8,673 \$33,249 Fair value of biological assets \$138,005 \$-\$ \$138,005 \$-\$ Finance charges – interest and exchange rate gains (losses) \$12,699 \$(414,735) \$363,416 \$(516,930) Finance charges – interest and exchange rate gains (losses) \$12,699 \$(414,735) \$363,416 \$(516,930) Finance charges – interest and exchange rate gains (losses) \$13,007 \$1,174 \$3,907 \$1,174 Trade accounts receivable – exchange rate gains (losses) \$1,003,000 \$25,976 \$23,77 \$3,007 \$23,77 Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies \$1,032,020 \$250,964 \$1,203,108 \$64,112 Decrease (increase) in assets \$1,032,020 \$250,964 \$1,203,108 \$64,112 Decrease (increase) in assets \$1,172,48 \$(601,55) \$2,270 \$29,299 \$39,266 Recoverable taxes \$(171,632) \$67,004 \$(168,398) \$68,966 Recoverable taxes \$(171,632) \$67,004 \$(168,398) \$68,966 Recoverable taxes \$(171,632) \$67,004 \$(168,398) \$68,966 Recoverable taxes \$(12,437) \$21,637 \$(13,945) \$51,510 Increase (increase) in liabilities \$1,005,833 \$31,55 \$(18,553) \$36,170 Intercompany payables \$(20,127) \$(26,440) \$(20,	Depletion	132,123	65,407	134,713	65,407	
Fair value of biological assets (338,026)	Appreciation amortization	2,653	-	2,653	-	
Finance charges – interest and exchange rate gains (losses) 12,699 (41,4735) 363,416 (51,6930) Finance charges – interest and exchange rate gains (losses) – related partie 4,6061 (45,070) (44,128) (32,516) Provision for procedural risks 3,807 1,174 3,807 1,174 Trade accounts receivable – exchange rate gains (losses) (196,361) 52,270	Residual value of assets written off of fixed assets	8,671	33,156	8,673	33,249	
Finance charges interest and exchange rate gains (losses) - related parties 46,061 (45,070) (44,128) (32,516)	Fair value of biological assets	(338,026)	-	(338,026)	-	
Provision for procedural risks 3,807 1,174 3,807 1,174 3,807 1,237 2,2	Finance charges - interest and exchange rate gains (losses)	312,699	(414,735)	363,416	(516,930)	
Trade accounts receivable — exchange rate gains (losses) 3,307 52,277 3,307 52,237	Finance charges - interest and exchange rate gains (losses) - related parties	46,061	(45,070)	(44,128)	(82,516)	
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies 1,032,020 250,964 1,203,108 64,112	Provision for procedural risks	3,807	1,174	3,807	1,174	
Decrease (increase) in assets	Trade accounts receivable -exchange rate gains (losses)	3,307	52,377	3,307	52,377	
Decrease (increase) in assets	Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	(196,361)	52,270	· <u> </u>		
Trade accounts receivable 94.391 95.654 45.183 82.152 Inventiories 117.248 (60.158) 27.89 39.266 Recoverable taxes (71.632) 67.704 (168.398) 68.986 Advances to suppliers (12.487) (3.74) (12.429) 1.78 (12.429) 1.78 (13.74) (12.429) 1.78 (13.74) (12.429) 1.78 (13.74) (12.429) 1.78 (13.74) (12.429) 1.78 (13.74) (12.429) 1.78 (13.74) (12.429) 1.78 (13.74) (12.429) 1.78 (13.74) (12.429) 1.78 (13.74) (1	Decrease (in many) in sect	1,032,020	250,964	1,203,108	64,112	
Inventories		04 201	(05.651)	(45 102)	02 152	
Recoverable taxes		-			_	
Advances to suppliers Other current and non-current assets Increase (decrease) in liabilities Trade accounts payable (33,838) Institute and payable (20,127) Intercompany payables (20,127) Intercompany payables (20,127) Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustment Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges (31,838) Other current and noncurrent liabilities Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges (31,838) Other current and noncurrent liabilities Tax liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustment Tax liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustment Trade accounts payable Increase in biological assets (20,2373) Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustment Increase in biological assets (20,2373) (289,443) Additions to fixed and intangible assets (20,2373) (289,443) (26,2373) (289,443) (26,2373) (289,443) (26,2373) (289,443) (26,2373) (289,443) (280,2373) (280,2473) (289,443) (280,2373) (280,2473) (280,2473) (280,2473) (280,2473) (
Other current and non-current assets (13,719) \$1,637 (13,945) \$1,510 Increase (decrease) in liabilities Trade accounts payable (33,338) 33,150 (18,553) 36,170 Intercompany payables (20,127) (26,440) (20,127) (26,440) (20,127) (26,440) (20,127) (26,440) 4,567 (27,379) Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustment - - 38,610 38,651 27,7399 Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustment - - 38,610 38,651 27,7379 Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustment - - 38,610 38,651					-	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities						
Trade accounts payable	Outer current and non-current assets	(15,719)	51,057	(15,545)	51,510	
Intercompany payables (20,127) (26,440) (20,127) (26,440) Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges 6,188 22,836 4,352 23,128 Other current and noncurrent liabilities 7,789 (11,625) 8,657 (27,739) Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustment -	Increase (decrease) in liabilities					
Tax kiabilities, payroll and social charges Other current and noncurrent liabilities Other current and noncurrent liabilities Other current and noncurrent liabilities Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustmen Net cash from operating activities Net cash from investing activities Increase in biological assets (262,373) Additions to fixed and intangible assets (70,835) Additions to fixed and intangible assets (70,835) Additions to fixed and intangible assets (70,835) Additions to fixed assets (70,835) Asset	Trade accounts payable	(33,838)	33,156	(18,553)	36,170	
Other current and noncurrent liabilities 7,789 (11,625) 8,657 (27,379) Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustments - - 38,610 38,651 Net cash from operating activities 1,005,833 228,686 1,068,881 352,134 Cash flows from investing activities (262,373) (289,443) (262,373) (289,443) Additions to fixed and intangible assets (70,835) (228,155) (71,336) (234,811) Sale of fixed assets 9,227 - 9,227 - 9,227 - Financial investments (40,84) (43,727) (53,211) (43,727) (1,701) 29,326 (182) Net cash from investing activities 29,326 (1,701) 29,326 (182) (1,82) Net cash from investing activities (298,739) (563,026) (348,367) (568,163) Cash flows from financing activities 485,580 790,911 845,580 2,362,961 Amortization of loans and financing - principal (1,647,487) (1,151,199) (1,686,421)					(26,440)	
Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustments 38,610 38,651 38,651			•			
Net cash from investing activities 1,005,833 228,686 1,068,881 352,134		7,789	(11,625)			
Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from investing activities	Asset and liability valuation adjustments and cumulative translation adjustmen	-		38,610	38,651	
Increase in biological assets (262,373) (289,443) (262,373) (289,443) Additions to fixed and intangible assets (70,835) (228,155) (71,336) (234,811) (234,811) Sale of fixed assets 9,227 - 9,227 - 9,227 - 9,227 - 1,200 (234,811) (234	Net cash from operating activities	1,005,833	228,686	1,068,881	352,134	
Additions to fixed and intangible assets (70,835) (228,155) (71,336) (234,811) Sale of fixed assets 9,227 - 9,				4	4	
Sale of fixed assets 9,227 - 9,227 - 9,227 - <	-					
Financial investments (4,084) (43,727) (53,211) (43,727) (11,22)	•		(228,155)		(234,811)	
Intercompany receivables 29,326 (1,701) 29,326 (182)			-		-	
Net cash from investing activities (298,739) (563,026) (348,367) (568,163) Cash flows from financing activities Loans and financing raised 845,580 790,911 845,580 2,362,961 Amortization of loans and financing - principal (1,647,487) (1,151,199) (1,686,421) (1,151,199) Amortization of loans and financing - interest (405,275) (497,221) (467,418) (502,213) Amortization of loans and financing - exchange rate gains (losses) (54,003) (346,837) (51,317) (346,559) Loans and financing raised - related parties - 1,512,753 - - Amortization of intercompany loans - principal (39,638) - - - Amortization of intercompany loans - principal (39,638) (5,111) - - Amortization of intercompany loans - interest (65,418) (5,111) - - Amortization of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) 4,126 266 - - Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) 303,562 (1,359,576) 362,990			1.			
Cash flows from financing activities Loans and financing raised 845,580 790,911 845,580 2,362,961 Amortization of loans and financing - principal (1,647,487) (1,151,199) (1,668,421) (1,151,199) Amortization of loans and financing - interest (405,275) (497,221) (467,418) (502,213) Amortization of loans and financing - exchange rate gains (losses) (54,003) (346,837) (51,317) (346,559) Loans and financing raised - related parties - 1,512,753 - - Amortization of intercompany loans - principal (39,638) - - - Amortization of intercompany loans - interest (65,418) (5,111) - - Amortization of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) 4,126 266 - - Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) 303,562 (1,359,576) 362,990 Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash - - (6,435) - Change in cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 146,	Intercompany receivables	29,326	(1,701)	29,326	(182)	
Loans and financing raised 845,580 790,911 845,580 2,362,961 Amortization of loans and financing - principal (1,647,487) (1,151,199) (1,686,421) (1,151,199) Amortization of loans and financing - interest (405,275) (497,221) (467,418) (502,213) Amortization of loans and financing - exchange rate gains (losses) (54,003) (346,837) (51,317) (346,559) Loans and financing raised - related parties - 1,512,753 - - Amortization of intercompany loans - principal (39,638) - - - Amortization of intercompany loans - interest (65,418) (5,111) - - Amortization of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) 4,126 266 - - Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) 303,562 (1,359,576) 362,990 Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash - - (6,435) - Change in cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 146,961 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of yea	Net cash from investing activities	(298,739)	(563,026)	(348,367)	(568,163)	
Loans and financing raised 845,580 790,911 845,580 2,362,961 Amortization of loans and financing - principal (1,647,487) (1,151,199) (1,686,421) (1,151,199) Amortization of loans and financing - interest (405,275) (497,221) (467,418) (502,213) Amortization of loans and financing - exchange rate gains (losses) (54,003) (346,837) (51,317) (346,559) Loans and financing raised - related parties - 1,512,753 - - Amortization of intercompany loans - principal (39,638) - - - Amortization of intercompany loans - interest (65,418) (5,111) - - Amortization of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) 4,126 266 - - Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) 303,562 (1,359,576) 362,990 Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash - - (6,435) - Change in cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 146,961 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of yea	Cash flows from financing activities					
Amortization of loans and financing - interest (405,275) (497,221) (467,418) (502,213) Amortization of loans and financing - exchange rate gains (losses) (54,003) (346,837) (51,317) (346,559) Loans and financing raised - related parties - 1,512,753 Amortization of intercompany loans - principal (39,638) Amortization of intercompany loans - interest (65,418) (5,111) Amortization of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) 4,126 266 Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) 303,562 (1,359,576) 362,990 Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash - (6,435) - (632,627) 146,961 Cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 1,044,637 1,264,151	_	845,580	790,911	845,580	2,362,961	
Amortization of loans and financing – exchange rate gains (losses) (54,003) (346,837) (51,317) (346,559) Loans and financing raised - related parties - 1,512,753	Amortization of loans and financing - principal	(1,647,487)	(1,151,199)	(1,686,421)	(1,151,199)	
Loans and financing raised - related parties - 1,512,753 - - Amortization of intercompany loans - principal (39,638) - - - Amortization of intercompany loans - interest (65,418) (5,111) - - Amortization of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) 4,126 266 - - Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) 303,562 (1,359,576) 362,990 Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash - - (6,435) - Change in cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 146,961 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 829,602 1,058,790 1,044,637 1,264,151	Amortization of loans and financing - interest	(405,275)	(497,221)	(467,418)	(502,213)	
Amortization of intercompany loans - principal Amortization of intercompany loans - interest (65,418) (5,111) - Amortization of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) (1,362,115) Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) Solution of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) (1,362,115) Solution of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) (1,362,115) Solution of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) (1,362,115) Solution of intercompany loans - interest (1,362,115) Solution of intercompany loans - interest (1,362,115) (1,359,576) (1,359,57	Amortization of loans and financing - exchange rate gains (losses)	(54,003)	(346,837)	(51,317)	(346,559)	
Amortization of intercompany loans - interest (65,418) (5,111) - - Amortization of intercompany loans - exchange rate gains (losses) 4,126 266 - - Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) 303,562 (1,359,576) 362,990 Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash - - (6,435) - Change in cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 146,961 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 829,602 1,058,790 1,044,637 1,264,151	Loans and financing raised - related parties	-	1,512,753	-	(-)	
Amortization of intercompany loans – exchange rate gains (losses) 4,126 266 - - Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) 303,562 (1,359,576) 362,990 Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash - (6,435) - Change in cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 146,961 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 829,602 1,058,790 1,044,637 1,264,151	Amortization of intercompany loans - principal	(39,638)	-	-		
Net cash from financing activities (1,362,115) 303,562 (1,359,576) 362,990 Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash - - (6,435) - Change in cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 146,961 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 829,602 1,058,790 1,044,637 1,264,151	Amortization of intercompany loans - interest	(65,418)	(5,111)	-	-	
Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash - - (6,435) - Change in cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 146,961 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 829,602 1,058,790 1,044,637 1,264,151	Amortization of intercompany loans – exchange rate gains (losses)	4,126	266			
Change in cash and cash equivalents, net (655,021) (30,778) (632,627) 146,961 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 829,602 1,058,790 1,044,637 1,264,151	Net cash from financing activities	(1,362,115)	303,562	(1,359,576)	362,990	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 829,602 1,058,790 1,044,637 1,264,151	Effects of exchange rate gains (losses) on cash	-	-	(6,435)	-1	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 829,602 1,058,790 1,044,637 1,264,151	Change in cash and cash equivalents, net	(655,021)	(30,778)	(632,627)	146,961	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 174,581 1,028,012 405,575 1,411,112	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	829,602			1,264,151	
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	174,581	1,028,012	405,575	1,411,112	

Statements of value added

Quarters ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

	Parent company		Consolidated		
	09/30/2017	09/30/2016 (Restated)	09/30/2017	09/30/2016 (Restated)	
Revenues	2 026 647	2 001 005	2 271 650	2 2 4 9 1 4 7	
Sales of merchandise, products and services Other operating revenues (expenses), net	2,026,647 326,249	2,091,905 123,641	2,371,650 326,201	2,248,147 124,098	
Transfers related to the construction of own assets	7,373	16,557	7,373	16,561	
Transfers related to the constitution of own assets		10,557	7,575	10,501	
	2,360,269	2,232,103	2,705,224	2,388,806	
Inputs acquired from third parties					
Costs of goods sold, materials, energy, third-party services and others	(707,081)	(709,571)	(821,035)	(951,993)	
Gross value added	1,653,188	1,522,532	1,884,188	1,436,813	
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	(309,640)	(185,090)	(321,258)	(190,016)	
Net value added generated by the entity	1,343,547	1,337,442	1,562,930	1,246,797	
Value added received in transfer					
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	196,361	(52,270)			
Financial revenues	40,817	81,956	35,776	119,291	
Total value added to be distributed	1,580,725	1,367,128	1,598,706	1,366,088	
Value added distribution					
Personnel					
Direct compensation	147,017	197,547	153,700	205,601	
Benefits	72,198	138,176	75,782	140,831	
FGTS (Severance Pay Fund)	14,336	17,201	15,050	17,434	
	233,551	352,924	244,532	363,866	
Taxes, fees and contributions					
Federal	235,481	102,193	239,119	103,883	
State	(111,458)	(136,993)	(111,436)	(136,790)	
Municipal		1	776	536	
	124,023	(34,799)	128,459	(32,371)	
Return on debt capital					
Interest	417,690	475,916	418,413	513,127	
Rents	73,160	63,600	74,726	64,650	
Others	24,493	253,983	24,767	201,312	
	515,343	793,499	517,906	779,089	
Return on equity capital Net income for the period	707,809	255,504	707,809	255,504	
Total value added distributed	1,580,725	1,367,128	1,598,706	1,366,088	

Notes to the interim financial information

(In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

1 Operations

Eldorado Brasil Celulose S.A. (the "Company" or "Eldorado") is a closely held corporation, whose register with the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) was obtained on June 6, 2012 in the category shares traded over the counter, established under Brazilian laws, located in the municipality of São Paulo, State of São Paulo (Brazil).

The Company's individual and consolidated interim financial information for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2017 includes the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company and its subsidiaries are primarily engaged in the production and sale of bleached short fiber eucalyptus pulp and the processing of biomass to generate power. The Company completed the construction of its plant in the municipality of Três Lagoas, State of Mato Grosso do Sul, and started production in December 2012.

The Company's annual production capacity is approximately 1.7 million tons of bleached eucalyptus pulp. We have and operate the largest pulp plant in a single line in the world, located in the City of Três Lagoas, in the State of Mato Grosso do Sul. 98.6% of wood we use to produce pulp is derived from the State of Mato Grosso do Sul and the remaining from the state of Mato Grosso, in a climate area topographically well adapted for the growth of eucalyptus.

2 List of subsidiaries

Subsidiaries

		Equity Interest			
Subsidiaries	Country	09/30/2017	12/31/2016		
Cellulose Eldorado Austria GmbH Rishis Empreendimentos e	Austria	100%	100%		
Participações S.A.	Brazil	100%	100%		
Indirect Subsidiaries					
Eldorado USA Inc. Eldorado Intl. Finance GmbH Cellulose Eldorado Asia	United States Austria China	100% 100% 100%	100% 100% 100%		

3 Preparation and presentation of the interim financial information

a. Statement of compliance (in respect of the IFRS and CPC standards)

The individual and consolidated interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and also in accordance with the pronouncements, interpretations and guidance issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee (CPC), approved by resolutions of the Federal Association of Accountants (CFC) and rules of the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM).

After appreciation of the Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Information by the Board of Directors at the meeting held on March 28, 2018, they were authorized for issue by the Company.

b. Basis of measurement

The individual and consolidated interim financial information has been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items recognized in the statements of financial position:

- derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value;
- non-derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- Biological assets measured at fair value are recognized in the statement of profit or loss in line item "Fair value of biological assets".

c. Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the individual and consolidated interim financial information in accordance with IFRS and CPC standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

(i) Judgments

The information on judgments made in the application of the accounting policies that have material effects on the amounts recognized in the individual and consolidated interim financial information is included in the following notes to the financial statements:

• Note 30 – operating leases.

(ii) Uncertainties about assumptions and estimates

The information on uncertainties about assumptions and estimates that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the period ended September 30, 2017 is included in the following notes:

- Note 8 Inventory valuation allowance;
- Note 12 biological assets;
- **Note 14** impairment test;
- Note 19 recognition of deferred tax assets: availability of future taxable profits against which tax losses can be utilized; and
- Note 20 recognition and measurement of provisions and procedural risks: main assumptions on the probability and magnitude of the cash outflows.

d. Fair value measurement

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses as much as possible observable market inputs. Additional information on the assumptions used in the fair value measurement is included in the following notes:

- Note 12 biological assets; and
- Note 29 financial instruments.

e. Functional and presentation currency

This individual and consolidated interim financial information is presented in Brazilian reais, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Brazilian reais has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise indicated.

f. Restatement of corresponding amounts

Due to the identification of errors and corrections to the corresponding amounts, the Company, in accordance with Technical Pronouncement CPC 23 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Correction of Errors and CPC 26 - Presentation of Financial Statements, made the adjustments retrospectively up to the earliest date, taking into account the initial adjustments at January 01, 2016, as at December 31, 2016. Below is the list of corrections made and their impacts:

During 2016, the Company revaluated its perception of the moment in which the entity transfers the significant risks and benefits of ownership to the buyers, according to CPC 30 - Revenues, deciding for its correction.(i)

Recognition of the provision related to the infraction received by prosecutors to reflect the tax impacts of research related to "operation Sepsis" referring to the years 2012 to 2016 and updating during the period

ended September 30, 2016. (ii)

Additionally, the result used in the statement of cash flows was changed from net income (loss) to income (loss) before income and social contribution taxes, and the reclassifications affecting only the line items of operating activities were made. (iii)

Based on the result of this process, adjustments and reclassification are stated as follows:

Parent Company

a. Statement of financial position

Balances as at 12/31/2016

	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	(iii)	Restated
Deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes	528,374	-	15,485	-	543,859
Total noncurrent assets	8,453,487	-	15,485	-	8,468,972
Total assets	10,857,217	-	15,485	-	10,872,702
Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges	101,494	-	45,541	-	147,035
Total current liabilities	2,744,889	-	45,541	-	2,790,430
Accumulated losses	(461,057)	-	(30,056)	-	(491,113)
Total equity	1,323,746	-	(30,056)	-	1,293,690
Total liabilities	9,533,471	-	45,541	-	9,579,012
Total liabilities and equity	10,857,217	-	15,485	-	10,872,702
a. Statement of financial position			Balances as at 01/0	1/2016	
	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	(iii)	Restated
Deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes	522,26	0	- 14,53	31 -	536,791
Total noncurrent assets	7,908,75	0	- 14,53	-	7,923,281
Total assets	10,870,84	4	- 14,53	i1 -	10,885,375

Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges	81,288	-	42,737	-	124,025
Total current liabilities	2,631,827	-	42,737	-	2,674,564
Accumulated losses	(749,444)	-	(28,206)	-	(777,650)
Total equity	1,026,930	-	(28,206)	-	998,724
Total liabilities	9,843,914	-	42,737	-	9,886,651
Total liabilities and equity	10,870,844	-	14,531	-	10,885,375

b. Statement of operations

Balances as at 09/30/2016

	Disclosed	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	Restated		
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	(66,327)	14,057	-	-	(52,270)		
Income before financial revenues /(expenses) and taxes	957,896	14,057	-	-	971,953		
Net financial income (loss)	(648,531)	-	(2,127)	-	(650,658)		
Income before provision for Income and Social Contribution taxes	309,365	14,057	(2,127)	-	321,295		
Deferred	(7,247)	-	723	-	(6,524)		
Income for the period	242,851	14,057	(1,404)	-	255,504		
c. Statements of comprehensive income (loss)	Balances as at 09/30/2016						
	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	(iii)	Restated		
Income for the period	242,851	14,057	(1,404)	-	255,504		

Total comprehensive income (loss)	251,363	14,057	(1,404)	-	264,016	
d. Statement of changes in equity		Bala	nces as at 09/3	0/2016		
	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	iii)	Restated	
Accumulated losses	(439,082)	(53,454)	(29,610)	-	(522,146)	
Total	1,345,804	(53,454)	(29,610)	-	1,262,740	
d. Statement of changes in equity		Bala	nces as at 01/0	1/2016		
	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	; (iii)	Restated	
Accumulated losses	(749,444)		(28,206)	-	(777,650)	
Total	1,026,930		(28,206)	-	998,724	
e. Statements of cash flows	Balances as at 09/30/2016					
	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	iii)	Restated	
Income for the period for income (loss) before Income and Social Contribution Taxes	242,851	14,057	7 (2,127)	66,514	321,295	
Deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes	7,247			(7,247)	-	
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	66,327	(14,057)	-	-	52,270	
Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges	79,976		2,127	(59,267)	22,836	
f. Statement of value added		Balance	s as at 09/30/2	016		
	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	(iii)	Restated	
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	(66,327)	14,057	-	-	(52,270)	
Total value added to be distributed	1,353,071	14,057	-	-	1,367,128	
Federal	100,789	-	1,404	-	102,193	
Net income	242,851	14,057	(1,404)	-	255,504	
Total value added distributed	1,353,071	14,057	-	-	1,367,128	

Consolidated

a. Statement of financial position		Balances as at 12/31/2016						
	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	(iii)	Restated			
Deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes	528,374	-	15,485	-	543,859			
Total noncurrent assets	8,450,242	-	15,485	-	8,465,727			
Total assets	10,795,189	-	15,485	-	10,810,674			
Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges	104,403	-	45,541	-	149,944			
Total current liabilities	2,761,610	-	45,541	-	2,807,151			
Accumulated losses	(461,057)	-	(30,056)	-	(491,113)			
Total equity	1,323,746	-	(30,056)	-	1,293,690			
Total liabilities	9,471,443	-	45,541	-	9,516,984			
Total liabilities and equity	10,795,189	-	15,485	-	10,810,674			
a. Statement of financial position		Bal	lances as at 01/01/	′2016				

·	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	(iii)	Restated
Deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes	522,260	-	14,531	-	536,791
Total noncurrent assets	7,905,545	-	14,531	-	7,920,076
Total assets	10,769,014	-	14,531	-	10,783,545
Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges	83,143	-	42,737	-	125,880
Total current liabilities	2,656,926	-	42,737	-	2,699,663
Accumulated losses	(749,444)	-	(28,206)	-	(777,650)
Total equity	1,026,930	-	(28,206)	-	998,724
Total liabilities	9,742,084	-	42,737	-	9,784,821
Total liabilities and equity	10,769,014	-	14,531	-	10,783,545

b. Statement of operations		Baland	ces as at 09/30/	2016		
	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments	Adjustments (iii) (iiii)		Restated
Net revenue	2,205,001	17,9	941	-	-	2,222,942
Cost of goods sold	(1,134,661)	(1,9	18)	-	-	(1,136,579)
Gross profit	1,070,340	16,0	023	-	-	1,086,363
Selling and logistics	(261,298)	(1,9	66)	-	-	(263,264)
Income (loss) before financial revenues /(expenses) and taxes	966,910	14,0	057	-	-	980,967
Net financial income (loss)	(657,505)		- (2,12	7)	-	(659,632)
Income before provision for Income and Social Contribution Taxes	309,405	14,0	057 (2,12	7)	-	321,335
Deferred	(7,247)		- 72	23	-	(6,524)
Income for the period	242,851	14,0	057 (1,40	4)	-	255,504
c. Statements of comprehensive income (loss)		Balance	es as at 09/30/2	016		
	Disclosed	(i)	Adjustments (ii)	(iii)	Rest	ated
Income for the period	242,851	14,057	(1,404)	-		255,504
Total comprehensive income (loss)	251,363	14,057	(1,404)	-	:	264,016
d. Statement of changes in equity		Balances	as at 09/30/201	6		
	Disclosed	Ad (i)	ljustments (ii)	(iii)	Restat	ed
Accumulated losses	(439,082)	(53,454)	(29,610)	-	(52	2,146)

1,345,804

Total

1,262,740

(29,610)

(53,454)

d. Statement of changes in equity

Balances as at 01/01/2016

	Disclosed	Adjustments			Restated
	Disclosed		(ii)	(iii)	
Accumulated losses	(749,444)	-	(28,206)	-	(777,650)
Total	1,026,930	-	(28,206)	-	998,724

e. Statements of cash flows

Balances as at 09/30/2016

	Disalasad	Adjustments			Destated
	Disclosed	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	Restated
Income for the period for income (loss) before Income and Social Contribution Taxes	242,851	14,057	(2,127)	66,554	321,335
Deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes	7,247	-	-	(7,247)	-
Trade accounts receivable Inventories	100,093 37,348	(17,941) 1,918	-	- -	82,152 39,266
Tax liabilities, payroll and social charges Other current and noncurrent liabilities	80,308 (29,345)	- 1,966	2,127	(59,307)	23,128 (27,379)

f. Statement of value added

Balances as at 09/30/2016

	Disclosed	Adjustments			Restated
		(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
Sales of merchandise, products and services	2,230,206	17,941	-	-	2,248,147
Costs of goods sold, materials, energy, third-party services and others	(948,109)	(3,884)	-	-	(951,993)
Gross value added	1,422,756	14,057	-	-	1,436,813
Net value added generated by the entity	1,232,740	14,057	-	-	1,246,797
Total value added to be distributed	1,352,031	14,057	-	-	1,366,088
Federal	102,479	-	1,404	-	103,883
Net income (loss)	242,851	14,057	(1,404)	-	255,504
Total value added distributed	1,352,031	14,057	-	-	1,366,088

4 Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of this interim financial information are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented.

a. Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The interim financial information of subsidiaries is included in the consolidated interim financial information from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

(ii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated interim financial information.

b. Revenue

Revenue is recognized on an accrual basis. Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the activities of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Revenues are measured net of sales taxes, returns, trade discounts and rebates.

In accordance with Pronouncement 30, issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee - CPC 30 (R1) - Revenues, the Company and its subsidiaries recognize revenue when, and only when:

- (i) the amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
- (ii) the Company and its subsidiaries have transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership;
- (iii) It is probable that economic benefits flow to the Company and its subsidiaries;
- (iv) The Company and its subsidiaries retain neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods;
- (v) The expenses incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be reliably measured.

c. Functional and reporting currency

(i) Transactions in foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of the entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The differences in foreign currencies resulting from retranslation are generally recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Foreign operations

Assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Brazilian Real (R\$) at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Brazilian Real (R\$) at the exchange rates at the transaction dates.

The differences in foreign currencies generated on the translation to the presentation currency are recognized in other comprehensive income and in cumulative translation adjustment in equity.

d. Financial instruments

The Company recognizes loans and receivables issued at the date they were originated. All other financial instruments are recognized initially at the trading date in which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flow in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and does not hold the control over the transferred asset.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes in the fair value of these assets are recognized in profit or loss.

• Cash and cash equivalents

Cash, banks, and financial investments are the items of the statement of financial position that are presented in the statement of cash flows as cash and cash equivalents of immediate liquidity with redemption periods of three months or less from the investment date, subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

• Loans and receivables

Such assets are recognized initially at fair value plus any attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

• Non-derivative financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

• Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets not classified as fair value through profit or loss are assessed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment.

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Company considers that there is no realistic perspective of recovery of the asset, the amount is amortized. If the amount of the impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

• Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value and any attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value and any gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Capital stock

Additional costs directly attributable to the issue of shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

e. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. The cost of standing timber transferred from biological assets is measured at the cost and at the valuation determined at the date of harvest.

f. Fixed assets

Fixed assets are carried at the historical cost of acquisition or construction, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated *impairment* losses.

Any gains or losses arising on the disposal or write-off of an item of fixed assets are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial charges on borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the assets are capitalized as part of the costs of these assets. Borrowing costs that are not directly related to the assets are capitalized based on an average funding rate on the balance of construction in progress. These costs are amortized over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated based on the residual value using the straightline method over the estimated useful life of each asset and is generally recognized in profit or loss (except land and construction in progress).

The estimated useful lives, the residual values, and the depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of the reporting period, and the effects of any changes in estimates are accounted for prospectively. The annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Weighted annual depreciation rates

	09/30/2017	09/30/2016
Buildings	2.84%	3.84%
Facilities and improvements	5.54%	9.59%
Furniture and fixtures	9.18%	10.29%
Vehicles	21.99%	24.39%
Technical and scientific		
instruments	11.84%	15.53%
IT equipment	19.23%	22.81%
Machinery and equipment	7.03%	14.68%
Leasehold improvements	7.26%	7.31%
Eucalyptus matrices	20.00%	-

g. Biological assets

Biological assets comprise renewable plantation eucalyptus forests for production of pulp, used in papermaking. These assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell, whose impacts are recognized in the statement of profit or loss for the year.

Depletion is measured based on the quantity of wood harvested from the forests.

h. Operating leases

(i) Lease of land

The costs of the land operating leases are recognized in forest formation along with other related costs on an accrual basis and subsequently allocated to the cost of pulp in the production process.

(ii) Other leases

Operating lease payments (take or pay) are recognized in inventory at the acquisition of chemical products and, subsequently, allocated to cost of pulp in the production process, as mentioned in explanatory note 30.

i. Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill arising on business combination

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is carried at its fair value, net of accumulated impairment losses.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that it may be impaired. If the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount, the impairment loss is recognized directly in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On the disposal of a certain asset to which goodwill has been allocated, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the

profit or loss on disposal.

(ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets, including terminal concession and *software*, acquired by the Company have definite useful lives and are measured at cost, less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

(iii) Amortization

The amortization is calculated to amortize the cost of items of the intangible asset, less its estimated residual values, using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the items. The amortization is generally recognized in profit or loss. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Software4 yearsAppreciation of right-of-use of port movement concession14 yearsTerminal concession14 years

j. Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine where there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

For the purposes of impairment testing, assets are grouped at the smallest group, which generates cash inflows that are largely independent from the cash inflows of other assets or Cash Generation Unit (CGU). Goodwill resulting from a business combination is allocated to the CGU or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal. The value in use is based on estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, less depreciation or amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized.

k. Trade accounts payable

Refer to amounts due to suppliers in the normal course of the business of the Company and its subsidiaries.

I. Provisions

A provision is recognized as a liability when the Company has present obligations that can be reliably estimated, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The finance costs incurred are recognized in profit or loss.

m. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated based on the profit for the year and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The Company does not have instruments that could potentially dilute the number of shares.

n. Income tax and social contribution tax

Income (loss) from Income tax and social contribution tax includes current and deferred income taxes, which are recognized in profit or loss unless they are related to business combinations or items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current and deferred income tax and social contribution tax are calculated based on the rates of 15%, plus a 10% surtax on taxable profit exceeding R\$ 240 for income tax and 9% on taxable profit for social contribution tax on net income, and consider the offset of income tax and social contribution tax losses, limited to 30% of the taxable profit.

(i) Current taxes

The current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on taxable profit or loss for the year and any adjustment to taxes payable related to prior years. It is calculated at tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Deferred taxes

The deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences and tax losses between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used for tax purposes. Deferred taxes are not recognized for the following temporary differences:

- The initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction other than a business combination, and that does not affect either the accounting or taxable profit or loss.
- Differences related to investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates, and interests in joint ventures, when it is probable that the Company will not reverse in a foreseeable future.
- A deferred tax is not recognized for taxable temporary differences resulting from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities, and if they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to be applied on temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

o. Employee benefits

Defined contribution pension plan

A defined contribution plan is a postemployment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions to a separate entity (pension fund) and will not have a legal or constructive obligation to pay additional amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognized as employee benefit expenses in profit or loss in the periods in which the employees provide services.

p. New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new international standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for periods beginning after January 01, 2018. The Company has not early adopted these amendments in the preparation of this interim financial information. The Company does not plan to adopt these standards early.

(i) IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments - CPC 48

IFRS 9 (CPC 48) supersedes the guidance existing in IAS 39 (CPC 38) Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 (CPC 48) includes new models for the classification and measurement of financial instruments and the measurement of expected credit losses for financial and contractual assets, as well as new requirements on hedge accounting. The new standard retains the existing guidance on the recognition and derecognition of financial instruments of IAS 39.

IFRS 9 (CPC 48) is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted only for financial information in accordance with IFRSs.

The Company evaluated the amendments introduced by this standard and concluded that its adoption will not result in significant impacts on its financial information, especially in the measurement of the allowance for doubtful accounts whose amounts are immaterial and, therefore, are not representative to its accounts receivable. Additionally, some aspects related to the presentation of financial instruments in the financial information will only be changed in the classification to reflect new concepts introduced in this standard and, consequently, will not have material impacts.

Disclosures

IFRS 9 (CPC 48) will require extensive new disclosures, specifically on hedge accounting, credit risk and expected credit losses.

Transition

The main issues addressed in IFRS 9 (CPC 48) to be assessed by the Company are:

- The determination of the business model within which a financial asset is held.
- The designation and revocation of prior designations of certain financial assets and liabilities.
- The designation of certain investments in equity instruments not held for trading.
- The determination of conditions which shall be established to recognize the provisions for losses.

•

(ii) IFRS 15 Revenues from Contracts with Customers – (CPC 47)

IFRS 15 (CPC 47) introduces a comprehensive structure to determine if and when revenue is recognized, and how revenue is recognized. IFRS 15 (CPC 47) replaces the current standards for revenue recognition, including CPC 30 (IAS 18) Revenue, CPC 17 (IAS 11) Construction Contracts and CPC 30 Interpretation A (IFRIC 13) Customer Loyalty Programs

IFRS 15 (CPC 47) is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2018, with early adoption permitted only for financial information in accordance with IFRSs.

The Company evaluated the amendments introduced by this standard and concluded that its adoption will not result in significant impacts on its financial information, mainly due to the fact that in its operation there are no performance obligations subsequent to the delivery of assets, therefore its performance obligation is terminated upon transfer of the mentioned asset to the buyer. Other criteria for revenue recognition mentioned in this standard are fully and regularly met by the Company.

Transition

The Company will adopt IFRS 15 (CPC 47) in its financial information for the year ending December 31, 2018 and intends to use the retrospective approach. As a result, the Company will apply all the requirements of IFRS 15 (CPC 47) to each comparative period presented, adjusting its financial information previously presented.

The Company plans to use practical expedients for completed contracts. This means that completed contracts that begin and end in the same comparative reporting period, as well as contracts that are completed contracts at the beginning of the earliest period presented, will not be restated.

(iii) IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 introduces a single model for accounting of leases in the balance sheet for lessees. A lessee recognizes a right of use asset representing its right to use the leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make the lease payments. Optional exemptions are available for short-term leases and low value items. The lessor accounting remains similar to the current form, that is, lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance.

IFRS 16 replaces the existing lease standards, including CPC 06 (IAS 17) Leases and ICPC 03 (IFRIC 4, SIC 15 and SIC 27) Complementary aspects of Lease Operations.

The standard is effective for annual periods starting on or after January 1, 2019. Early adoption is only allowed for financial information issued according to the IFRS and only for entities applying IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers or before the initial date of adoption of IFRS 16.

The Company is assessing the effects that IFRS 16 will have on the financial information and its disclosures.

(iv) Other amendments

The new or revised standards below are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial information.

- Amendments to CPC 10 (IFRS 2) Shared-based payment related to the classification and measurement of certain share-based payment transactions.
- Amendments to CPC 36 Consolidated Financial Statements (IFRS 10) and CPC 18 Investments in Associates (IAS 28) in relation to sales or contributions of assets between an investor and its associate or its joint venture.

The Accounting Pronouncements Committee has not yet issued accounting pronouncements or amendments to existing pronouncements equivalent to all new IFRS. Therefore, the early adoption of these IFRS is not permitted for entities that disclose their financial information in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil.

5 Cash and cash equivalents and financial investments

5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

	Parent Cor	npany	Consolidated		
	09/30/17	12/31/16	09/30/17	12/31/16	
Cash and cash equivalents Banks - demand deposits Banks - financial investments (a)	7 24,678 149,896	8,692 820,904	9 255,670 149,896	7 173,187 871,443	
	174,581	829,602	405,575	1,044,637	

(a) These are daily liquidity investments in Bank Certificate of Deposit ("CDB") of top-tier financial institutions with return that approximates the Interbank Certificate of Deposit (CDI) rate.

5.2 Financial investments

	Parent Company		Consoli	dated
	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Fundo Caixa FI (a) CDB CEF (b) Banco do Brasil Paris (c)	66,510 98,973 -	60,300 101,099 -	66,510 98,973 49,127	60,300 101,099
	165,483	161,399	214,610	161,399

- (a) Fixed-income investment with Caixa Econômica Federal, with gross return based on CDI variation. These funds are linked as reciprocity of financial investment to the issue of debentures in FI-FGTS, as shown in note 17.4
- (b) Investment in CDB with Caixa Econômica Federal, with gross return based on CDI variation. These funds are linked as reciprocity of financial investment to the issue of NCE, as shown in note 17.2. (i) and (vi).
- (c) Funds in checking account with Banco do Brasil Paris. These funds are linked as reciprocity to a Term Loan operation, as stated in Note 17.2 (ix).

6 Trade accounts Receivable

	Parent o	company	Consolidated		
	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	
Domestic Market Foreign Market	130,205 716,990	139,369 814,751	130,205 414,078	139,370 386,083	
-	847,195	954,120	544,283	525,453	

Breakdown Current assets Noncurrent assets	845,722 1,473	954,120 	542,810 1,473	525,453
	847,195	954,120	544,283	525,453

The aging list of trade receivables is as follows:

	Parent (Company	Conso	lidated
	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Falling due 1 to 30 days past due 31 to 60 days past due 61 to 90 days past due Over 90 days past due	715,469 118,065 718 157 12,786	768,320 167,675 6,547 2,420 9,158	480,813 44,308 3,903 66 15,193	432,458 64,772 12,962 4,803 10,458
	847,195	954,120	544,283	525,453

The Company did not identify the need to recognize an allowance for doubtful debts because it has financial instruments to hedge these receivables for high-risk markets and practices for constant analysis and monitoring of the credit limits granted, and active collection of pending and past-due amounts in all markets in which it operates, thus this set of good practices strongly contributes to ensure the collection of the amounts.

7 Related-party transactions

The main intercompany balances in balance sheet accounts and transactions affecting income (loss) accounts result from operations conducted at market conditions and prices agreed between the parties and showed as follows:

		Parent C	Parent Company		idated
Assets	Туре	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Current Cellulose Eldorado Austria GmbH (Note 6)	Pulp sale	600,062	695,907	-	
Eldorado EUA (note 6)	Pulp sale	87,423	94,377	-	-
JBS (note 6)	Massive forest sale	18	356	18	356
Eldorado Intl. Finance GmbH	Transfer of costs	2,665	2,741	-	-
ZMF Participações Ltda	Checking account	112	-	112	-
Loans to officers	Loan (vii)	<u> </u>	24,500		24,500
		690,280	817,881	130	24,856

	Туре	Parent Company		Consolidated	
Liabilities		09/30/2017	12/31/2016	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Current					
JBS (note 16)	Purchase of PP&E (i)	627	218	627	218
Seara Alimentos (note 16)	Consumables (vi)	3	-	3	-
Cellulose Eldorado Áustria GmbH	PPE (ii)	71,698	74,041	-	-
Eldorado Intl. Finance GmbH	PPE (iv)	30,293	5,158	-	-
J&F Investimentos	Guarantee (i)	16,078	36,205	16,078	36,205
J&F Investimentos (note 16) Rishis	Checking account (vi)	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500
Empreend. e Partic. (note 16)	Rendering of service	12,735	7,704	<u>-</u>	
		135,934	127,826	21,208	40,923
Noncurrent					
Celulose Eldorado Austria GmbH Eldorado Intl. Finance GmbH	PPE (ii)	208,560	250,317	-	-
	PPE (iii)	1,083,456	1,114,612	-	
		1,292,016	1,364,929	-	-

		Parent company		Consolidated	
Income (loss)	Туре	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2017	9/30/2016
Cellulose Eldorado Áustria GmbH	Pulp sale	1,375,781	1,495,307	-	-
Eldorado EUA Inc.	Pulp sale	175,043	213,705	-	_
JBS	Chip sale	170	3,653	170	3,653
JBS	Massive forest sale	97	525	97	525
JBS	Electricity sale	1,164	-	1,164	-
Enersea Comercializ. de Energia (nota 6)	Electricity sale	374	129	374	129
Total sales revenue		1.552.629	1,713,319	1,805	4,307
Cellulose Eldorado Áustria (nota 25) Eldorado Intl.	PPE (ii)	(13,456)	(7,697)	-	-
Finance GmbH (nota 25)	PPE (iii)	(76,733)	(29,749)	-	-
JBS	Sundry (v)	(7,417)	(2,176)	(7,417)	(2,176)
Seara Alimentos J&F Investimentos	Consumables (vi)	(224)	-	(224)	-
(note 25)	Endorsement(i)	(49,015)	(59,447)	(49,015)	(59,447)
J&F Investimentos J&F Investimentos	Checking account (iv)	-	(4,500)	· · · · · ·	(4,500)
(note 25)	Checking account	2,007	20,817	2,007	20,817
Loans to managers Rishis Empreend. e	Loans (vii)	2,818	-	2,818	-
Partic.	Services	(16,275)	(17,835)		
		1,394,334	1,612,732	(50,026)	(40,999)

- (i) Endorsement granted by the *holding* J&F Investimentos S.A., for warranty of loans operations that Eldorado has with banks.
- (ii) Export financing granted by Cellulose Eldorado Austria GmbH to Eldorado Brasil Celulose S.A with a five-year term and interest rate of 6% p.a. + exchange differences.
- (iii) Export financing granted by Eldorado Intl. Finance GmbH to Eldorado Brasil Celulose S.A with a five-year term, with interest rate of 9.8% p.a. + exchange differences.
- (iv) Checking account with the parent company J&F Investimentos S.A. relating to the indemnity for delivery of eucalyptus forest budding area smaller than the area agreed in the "Bonito" Farm purchase and sale commitment.
 - (v) Refers to amounts payable relating to various transactions, among them: freight on pulp transportation, purchase of consumables for use in the cafeteria, rental of administrative building and data center, etc.
 - (vi) These refer to acquisition of consumables for use in the cafeteria.
 - (vii) Return to loans to the CEO at the rate of 100% of the CDI, with maturity on December 31, 2017, settled in advance on September 28, 2017.

7.1 Management compensation

The expense on key management personnel compensation includes directors and officers, in the following amounts for the periods ended:

	09/30/2017	09/30/2016
Benefits (a)	18,709	17,678

(d) Benefits include fixed compensation (salaries, vacation pay and yearend bonus), social security contributions (INSS), severance pay fund (FGTS), bonus and others. All officers are parties to employment contracts governed by the Consolidated Labor Laws (CLT) and follow all legal requirements related to compensation and benefits.

8 Inventories

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Seedlings Raw materials (wood	2,923	3,404	2,923	3,404
for production)	129,776	165,232	129,776	165,232
Pulp	49,011	42,829	218,851	199,055
Inputs	18,438	23,539	18,438	23,539
Storeroom supplies	111,534	114,836	111,686	114,956
	311,682	349,840	481,674	506,186

During the period the amount of R\$ 192,974 (R\$ 103,487 as at December 31, 2016) was added to inventories due to the harvest of the biological asset, as shown in note 12.

9 Taxes recoverable

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
State VAT (ICMS) (i) Taxes on sales (PIS e	973,072	825,284	973,246	828,768
COFINS) (ii)	13,413	18,153	13,413	18,227
Federal VAT (IPI)	119	68	119	68
Services tax (ISS)	216	111	216	111
REINTEGRA (iii) Withholding income tax	17,910	11,269	17,910	11,269
(IRRF) (iv) Corporate income tax	7,524	30,184	7,524	30,195
(IRPJ) to offset (v) Social contribution tax	556	-	556	-
(CSLL) to offset (v)	205	-	205	-
Prepayment IRPJ (vi)	49,387	11,267	49,445	11,267
Prepayment CSLL (vi)	18,222	12,656	18,247	12,656
	1,080,624	908,992	1,080,881	912,561
Breakdown				
Current assets	362,364	168,177	362,619	168,913
Noncurrent assets	718,260	740,815	718,262	743,648
	1,080,624	908,992	1,080,881	912,561

(i) ICMS

The Company has an ICMS balance accumulated over the last years derived from credits on the purchase of inputs used in the production process, assets classified as fixed assets for implementation of its plant in Três Lagoas, MS.

The Company has prioritized a series of actions to maximize the utilization of such credits and currently no losses on their realization are expected. Among the actions taken by the Company, we highlight the increase in sales of pulp to the domestic market, which would allow the realization of part of those credits, and obtaining from the state government of Mato Grosso do Sul authorization to use the ICMS credits to pay suppliers who will be hired to expand its production capacity in the Vanguard Project 2.0.

(ii) PIS and COFINS

Refers basically to noncumulative PIS and COFINS credits on the purchase of fixed asset items, related to the completion of construction of the plant, which went into operation at the end of 2012. This amount refers to credits on equipment purchases and provision of services, which are realizable through offset against debts of these taxes levied on sales in the domestic market and income tax and social contribution tax payable, and requests for refund to the Federal Revenue.

(iii) REINTEGRA

In October 2014, the Company adopted Decree 7.633, of December 1, 2011, which regulated the REINTEGRA.

Reintegra establishes the possibility of the producer legal entity, which carries out export of manufactured goods in the country, determining a value for purposes of partial or full refund of the residual tax amount existing in its production chain. The Reintegra regulation establishes that the amount will be calculated by applying the percentage in effect at the time of the transaction to the revenue from export of goods produced by the legal entity.

(iv) IRRF

Refers to withholding income tax on short-term investments, realizable through offset against income tax and social contribution tax.

(v) IRPJ and CSLL to offset

Related to IRPJ and CSLL in 2016, collected in advanced in compliance with the rules for Actual Profit taxation regime, which by the end of the year totaled more than the amount actually due by the Company. Based on Legal Legislation the company has the right to offset these taxes against federal taxes in 2017.

(vi) IRPJ and CSLL - Prepayment

Refer to corporate income tax and social contribution paid in advance based on the taxable profit, in compliance with the rules for Actual Profit taxation regime. At the end of each year, the prepaid balance is realized through offset against the calculated amount of income tax and social contribution due.

10 Advances to suppliers

	Parent Cor	mpany	Consolidated		
	09/30/2017	31/12/16	09/30/2017	31/12/16	
Purchase of wood (i) Others	94,784 25,110	89,665 17,742	94,784 25,169	89,665 17,860	
	119,894	107,407	119,953	107,525	
Breakdown Current assets Noncurrent assets	35,518 84,376	30,459 76,948	35,577 84,376	30,577 76,948	
	119,894	107,407	119,953	107,525	

(i) Refer to advances made to wood suppliers, under purchase for future delivery contracts, which will be settled upon the physical delivery of the wood. Company specialists value and monitor forest development to mitigate risks associated to the compliance of each contract.

11 Assets available for sale

From the amount of R\$ 5,887 thousand of assets available for sale, 13% refers to forest vehicles, machinery and equipment that were made available for sale due to the restructuring of the handling and forest cutting planning, and 87% refers to intermodal transportation equipment, available for sale due to the change of the logistics strategy plan, bringing a better competitiveness and operational safety to the Company.

12 Biological assets

The Company's biological assets are represented by eucalyptus forests under development, intended for the supply of wood to produce pulp, 98.6% in areas located in the State of Mato Grosso do Sul and the remaining in the state of Mato Grosso.

The opening and closing balances are broken down as follows:

	Parent company and	Consolidated
	09/30/2017	09/30/2017
At the beginning of the year Change in the fair value of biological assets net	2,050,789	1,736,309
of costs to sell	338,026	1,348
Tree felling for inventory	(192,974)	(103,487)
Forest development cost	262,373	416,619
	2,458,214	2,050,789

Currently the Company holds a production area of 224,582 hc (226,528 hectares at December 31, 2016), not including other areas such as the permanent preservation and legal reserve areas, in compliance with prevailing environmental laws.

Assumptions for the recognition of biological assets at fair value

In accordance with the hierarchy established in CPC 46 (equivalent to IFRS 13) "Fair value measurement", the measurement of biological assets is classified as level 3, due to its complexity and calculation structure.

The Company used the Discounted Cash Flows method to recognize its biological assets at fair value. In general lines, the methodology can be summarized by the projection of forest growth and its subsequent depletion, with felling age between six and eight years, considering operating restrictions and annual demand.

The volume of trees to be fallen was estimated considering the average productivity in cubic meters of wood of each plantation per hectare at the time of the harvest. This growth is represented by the Average Annual Increase (IMA) expressed in cubic meters per hectare/year. The crop handling costs include expenditures with the fertilization, weed control, control of ants and other pests, maintenance of roads and firebreaks, and other services required for the maintenance of the planted forests.

Some assumptions were changed as from the first quarter of 2017. They were: the average selling price for eucalyptus wood considered was estimated for the domestic market, adjusted to reflect the price of standing timber by region, which is affected by the distance between the farm and the production unit; the estimated productivity of forests that do not have at least two measurements of inventory was considered, taking into account the average productivity of planted forests in the last three years with inventory (2013, 2014 and 2015); the actual discount rate used was 6.1% (Weighted Average Cost of Capital - WACC); and the average annual cost per hectare of the land lease paid to third parties was considered for the purpose of remuneration of the own land.

The Company assesses its biological assets on a quarterly basis because it understands that this procedure is sufficient to show the evolution of the fair value of the forests.

The main points considered in estimating the fair value of biological assets were:

	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Current productive area (hectare)	224,582	226,528
Average Annual Increase (IMA) - m³/ hectare	41.13	38.46
Discount rate (WACC without consumer price index) - %	6.1	4.5
Non-Financial Estimative of hc quantities	5,378	13,059

13 Investments

Significant information about investiments on subsidiaries for the period ended September 30, 2017

Investments in subsidiaries

Relevant information about the investments in the year ended September 30, 2017

In subsidiaries:	% Ownership interest	Total assets	Capital stock	Equity	Net revenue	Net income
Cellulose Eldorado Austria Gmbh	100%	1,059,427	29,570	157,426	1,670,767	174,682
Rishis Empreendimentos e Participações S.A.	100%	93,564	108,979	91,121	15,737	49

In Parent Company:

	Balance as at 12/31/2016	Amortization	Cumulative translation adjustment	Unrealized profit in inventories	Equity in earnings (losses)	Balance as at 09/30/2017
Cellulose Eldorado Austria Gmbh	(87,412)	-	3,719	21,630	174,682	112,619
Rishis Empreendimentos e Participações S.A.	91,073	-		-	49	91,122
Appreciation of right to use granting of port movements	17,001	(2,653)	-	-	-	14,348
Total	20,662	(2,653)	3,719	21,630	174,731	218,089
Provision for losses on investments	87,412					-

Subsidiaries

Cellulose Eldorado Austria Gmbh

In December 2012, two units strategically located abroad, called Eldorado USA Inc. (United States) and Cellulose Eldorado Austria GmbH (Austria), were opened in order to meet the demand of the sales contracts entered into abroad and the prospecting of new sales abroad. Additionally, in 2013 a commercial office was opened in China (Shanghai), continuing the expansion of the Company's presence in the foreign market.

Eldorado Intl Finance GmbH is a company established for the issuance of bonds in the international market so as to segregate such function from the other activities carried out by the subsidiaries of Eldorado. The company was established in February 2016 and started its activities in June 2016, with the issuance of bonds.

Rishis Empreendimentos e participações S.A.

Rishis is a company engaged in, but not limited to, the operation of bonded warehouses and terminals, and the provision of port operator services, and is the lessee of external warehouses located on the right bank of the Port of Santos, totaling an area of approximately $12,000 \text{ m}^2$.

On August 12, 2011, the Company acquired a warrant that entitles it to subscribe to 517,647 common shares, equivalent to 46.32% of Rishis voting capital, at an issue premium of R\$9,000 and fixed exercise price of R\$13,500, whose right was exercised and paid in 36 installments. Of the exercised right, the Company subscribed to 279,569 Rishis shares, and as a result paid in R\$7,299 in Rishis share capital.

On October 8, 2013, the Company acquired Rishis control through increase of its equity interest from 46.32% to 60%.

On August 11, 2014, the Company acquired an additional 40% interest, through payment in kind, increasing its stake from 60% to 100%.

On June 30, 2015, the Company started its operation at the Port of Santos.

With this transaction, the Company's management seeks to increase the logistics operational efficiency, adding competitiveness to pulp exports.

Appreciation of right-of-use of port movement concession

The Company has recorded, as at September 30, 2017, appreciation of the right to use the port area object of a lease agreement that is being amortized for the term of such usage right.

14 Fixed assets

rixed assets		Parent Comp	any 09/30/2017	
	Weighted annual depreciation rates	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net
Land Buildings Leasehold improvements Facilities and improvements Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Technical and scientific instruments IT equipment Machinery and equipment Eucalyptus matrices Construction in progress and advances for capital expenditures	2.84% 10.00% 5.34% 9.08% 21.90% 11.78% 19.14% 7.01% 20.00%	103,211 1,094,880 14,746 256,853 8,487 127,331 6,022 62,470 3,748,438 80 257,226	(150,753) (5,616) (48,086) (2,847) (72,816) (3,178) (52,287) (723,592) (25)	103,211 944,127 9,130 208,767 5,640 54,515 2,844 10,183 3,024,846 55 257,226
		5,679,744	(1,059,200)	4,620,544
		Parent Compar	ny 12/31/2016	
	Weighted annual depreciation rates	Costs	Accumulated depreciation	Net
Land		101,701		101,701
Buildings Leasehold improvements Facilities and improvements Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Technical and scientific instruments	3.84% 10.00% 9.66% 10.13% 24.35%	1,094,689 14,746 249,505 7,990 138,376 5,893	(126,718) (4,510) (39,034) (2,276) (61,104) (2,712)	967,971 10,236 210,471 5,714 77,272 3,181
IT equipment	22.58%	62,169	(43,870)	18,299
Machinery and equipment	17.22%	3,747,928	(601,473)	3,146,455
Eucalyptus Matrices Construction in progress and advances for capital expenditures	20.00%	79 218,903	(13) 	66 218,903
, , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	5,641,979	(881,710)	4,760,269

	Conso	olidated 09/30/20)17	_	
	Weighted annual depreciation rates	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net	
Land Buildings Leasehold improvements	- 2.84% 7.26%	103,211 1,094,880 70,560	(150,753) (13,563)	103,211 944,127 56,997	
Facilities and improvements	5.54%	262,011	(48,333)	213,678	
Furniture and fixtures Vehicles	9.18% 21.99%	8,913 127,441	(2,993) (72,926)	5,920 54,515	
Technical and scientific instruments	11.84%	6,022	(3,178)	2,844	
IT equipment Machinery and equipment Eucalyptus Matrices Construction in progress	19.23% 7.03% 20.00%	63,566 3,757,806 80	(52,952) (724,879) (25)	10,614 3,032,927 55	
and advances for capital expenditures	-	263,526	-	263,526	
		5,758,016 Consolidat	(1,069,602) red 12/31/2016	4,688,414	
	Weighted annual depreciation rates	Cost	Accumu depreci		Net
Land Buildings Leasehold improvements	3.84% 7.31%	101,701 1,094,689 70,560	,	- 5,718) 9,467)	101,701 967,971 61,093
Facilities and improvements	9.71%	254,664	(39	9,047)	215,617
Furniture and fixtures Vehicles	10.34% 24.35%	8,360 138,489		2,370) 1,194)	5,990 77,295
Technical and scientific instruments	15.58%	5,893	(2	2,712)	3,181
IT equipment	22.69%	63,282	(44	1,410)	18,872
Machinery and equipment	17.19%	3,757,283	(602	2,233)	3,155,050
Eucalyptus matrices	20.00%	79		(13)	66
Construction in progress and advances for capital expenditures	-	224,806		<u> </u>	224,806
		5,719,806	(888)	3,164)	4,831,642

Changes in fixed assets

Parent company	Balance at						Balance at
Changes	12/31/2016	Additions	Write-offs	Available for sale	Transfers	Depreciation	09/30/2016
Land	101,701	2,060	(550)	-	-	-	103,211
Buildings	967,971	-	-	-	191	(24,035)	944,127
Leasehold improvements	10,236	-	-	-	7 249	(1,106)	9,130
Facilities and improvements Furniture and fixtures	210,471 5,714	239	(9)	-	7,348 274	(9,052) (578)	208,767 5,640
Vehicles	77,272	1,044	(2,505)	(1,419)	2/4	(19,877)	54,515
Technical and scientific	11,212	1,044	(2,303)	(1,417)		(17,077)	54,515
instruments	3,181	129	-	-	-	(466)	2,844
IT equipment	18,299	264	(13)	-	79	(8,446)	10,183
Machinery and equipment	3,146,455	8,836	(5,594)	(5,409)	10,770	(130,212)	3,024,846
Construction in progress and							
advances for capital							
expenditures	66	- 	-	-	(40, 040)	(11)	55 35 7 334
Land	218,903	58,133			(19,810)	-	257,226
	4,760,269	70,705	(8,671)	(6,828)	(1,148)	(193,783)	4,620,544
	Balance at					Balance at	
Changes	12/31/2015	Additions	Write-offs	Transfers	Depreciation	12/31/2016	
Land	101,701	-	-	-	-	101,701	
Buildings	964,943	-	-	34,967	(31,939)	967,971	
Leasehold improvements	11,711	-	-	, <u>-</u>	(1,475)	10,236	
Facilities and	,				` , ,	,	
improvements	206,872	427	-	14,428	(11,256)	210,471	
Furniture and fixtures	5,427	797	=	143	(653)	5,714	
Vehicles	91,016	33,397	(20,687)	-	(26,454)	77,272	
Technical and scientific	,		(==,===,		(==, .= .)	,	
instruments	2,699	989	-	14	(521)	3,181	
IT equipment	27,453	1,914	-	216	(11,284)	18,299	
Machinery and	27,100	1,711		210	(11,201)	10,277	
equipment	3,224,771	72,764	(13,854)	26,943	(164,169)	3,146,455	
Eucalyptus matrices	3,221,771	72,701	(13,031)	79	(13)	66	
Construction in progress	•	-	-	17	(13)	00	
and advances for capital							
expenditures	128,400	168,572	<u>-</u>	(78,069)	-	218,903	
experiences	120, 100	100,572		(,0,00)			
	4,764,993	278,860	(34,541)	(1,279)	(247,764)	4,760,269	

Eldorado Brasil Celulose S.A. Quarterly information - ITR September 30, 2017

	Additions	Write-offs		Transfers	Depreciation	3	Balance at 09/30/2017
12/31/2010	Additions	,,,,,,,	sale	Hansiers	Depreciation	gains (tosses)	07/30/2017
101,701	2,060	(550)	-	-	-	-	103,211
	-	-	-	191		-	944,127
61,093	-	-	-	-	(4,096)	-	56,997
						(1)	
	-	-	-				213,678
			-	333			5,920
77,295	1,044	(2,505)	(1,419)	-	(19,899)	(1)	54,515
						-	
		-	-	-			2,844
18,872	273	(15)	-	88	(8,603)	(1)	10,614
						-	
3,155,050	8,836	(5,594)	(5,409)	10,784	(130,740)		3,032,927
						-	
	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	, ,		55
224,806	58,625			(19,905)		- -	263,526
4,831,642	71,206	(8,673)	(6,828)	(1,161)	(197,767)	(5)	4,688,414
Balance at 12/31/2015	Addi	tions	Write-offs	Transfers	Depreciation	Exchange rates	Balance at 12/31/2016
101,701		-	=	_	=	-	101,701
964,943		-	-	34,967	(31,939)	-	967,971
		-	-	530	(5,444)	-	61,093
212,029		<i>4</i> 27	_	14 427	(11.250)	(7)	215,617
5 754			_				5,990
	3.		(20, 687)	1-10			77,295
	J.	3,377	(20,007)		(20,403)	(27)	77,273
2,699		989	_	14	(521)	_	3,181
28 153			_				18,872
			(13.854)				3,155,050
3,233,321		-	(13,031)		` , ,	_	66
				,,	(13)		00
129.272							
,2,2	17	5,005	<u> </u>	(79,470)		(1)	224,806
4 924 070	20	F 220	(34,541)	(1,306)	(252,710)	(100)	4,831,642
	967,971 61,093 215,617 5,990 77,295 3,181 18,872 3,155,050 66 224,806 4,831,642 Balance at 12/31/2015 101,701 964,943 66,007	12/31/2016 Additions 101,701 2,060 967,971 - 61,093 - 215,617 - 5,990 239 77,295 1,044 3,181 129 18,872 273 3,155,050 8,836 66 - 224,806 58,625 4,831,642 71,206 Balance at 12/31/2015 Addit 101,701 964,943 66,007 212,029 5,754 91,097 3. 2,699 28,153 3,233,324 7. 129,272 175	12/31/2016 Additions Write-offs 101,701 2,060 (550) 967,971 - - 61,093 - - 215,617 - - 5,990 239 (9) 77,295 1,044 (2,505) 3,181 129 - 18,872 273 (15) 3,155,050 8,836 (5,594) 66 - - 224,806 58,625 - 4,831,642 71,206 (8,673) Balance at 101,701 964,943 66,007 - 212,029 427 5,754 825 91,097 33,397 2,699 989 28,153 1,913 3,233,324 72,764	12/31/2016 Additions Write-offs sale 101,701 2,060 (550) - 967,971 - - - 61,093 - - - 215,617 - - - 5,990 239 (9) - 77,295 1,044 (2,505) (1,419) 3,181 129 - - 18,872 273 (15) - 3,155,050 8,836 (5,594) (5,409) 66 224,806 58,625 - - 4,831,642 71,206 (8,673) (6,828) Balance at 12/31/2015 Additions Write-offs 101,701 964,943	12/31/2016	12/31/2016 Additions Write-offs Sale Transfers Depreciation	12/31/2016

Construction in progress and advances for capital expenditures

The outstanding amounts related to construction in progress and advances for capital expenditures as at September 30, 2017 refer to structural improvements in the pulp plant and surrounding areas and expenditures on basic engineering, environmental license and infrastructure woks for the construction of Projeto Vanguarda 2.0, new production line with capacity of more than 2.3 million tons of pulp per year.

Company assets are pledged as collateral for borrowings up to the maximum limit of each of the debts assumed (note 17).

Impairment test - fixed assets

The balances of fixed assets and other assets are reviewed annually in order to identify evidence of impairment or whenever changes in events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. In the period, no evidence of impairment was identified.

15 Intangible assets

Intangible assets	Parent Company 09/30/2017						
	Weighted annu amortization rate		Accumi amorti:		Net		
Software	21.19	% 15,664	(9	9,909)	5,755		
		Parent Comp	any 12/31/2	016			
	Weighted annua amortization rate		Accumi amortiz		Net		
Software	25.10	% 14,387	(7,937)	6,450		
		Con	solidated 09	/30/2017			
		hted annual mortization rates	Costs	Accumulated amortization	Net		
Appreciation of right-of-use of port concession Software Terminal Concession	movement	6.94% 21.03% 7.14%	17,001 16,332 20,988	(2,653) (10,205) (9,160)	14,348 6,127 11,828		
			54,321	(22,018)	32,303		
	C	onsolidated 1	2/31/2016				
	Weighted annual amortization rates	Costs		umulated ortization	Net		
Goodwill Software Terminal Concession	25.18% 7.14%	17,001 15,041 20,988		(8,134) (8,036)	17,001 6,907 12,952		
		53,030		(16,170)	36,860		

Changes in intangible assets

Parent Company						
Changes		12/31/16	Additions	Transfe	rs Amortizations	09/30/2017
Software	_	6,450	130	1,14	48 (1,973)	5,755
Changes		12/31/2015	Additions	Transfe	rs Amortizations	12/31/2016
Software	_	7,279	417	1,2	79 (2,525)	6,450
Consolidated						
Changes		12/31/2016	Additions	Transfe	rs Amortizations	09/30/2017
Appreciation of right-of						
port movement concess Software	sion (a)	17,001 6,907	130	1 1	- (2,653)	,
Terminal Concession		12,952	130	1,10	61 (2,071) - (1,124)	,
	_	36,860	130	1,10	61 (5,848)	32,303
Changes	12/31/201	5	Additions	Transfers	Amortizations	12/31/2016
Goodwill	17,00)1	-	-	-	17,001
Software	7,83		418	1,306	(2,655)	6,907
Terminal Concession	14,45	<u> </u>			(1,499)	12,952

(a) These refer to the appreciation of the right-of-use of port movement concession (Note 13).

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

39,290

As at December 31, 2016, the Company reviewed the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there was any indication that those assets had suffered an impairment loss and concluded that there was no indication of impairment.

418

1,306

(4,154)

36,860

16 Trade payables

	Parent C	ompany	Consolidated		
	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	
Supplies and services Inputs Others	49,687 122,731 23,055	48,520 141,702 39,089	52,128 122,732 23,564	55,139 141,702 42,209	
	195,473	229,311	198,424	239,050	
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	188,399 7,074	229,311	191,350 7,074	239,050	
	195,473	229,311	198,424	239,050	

17 Loans and Financing

Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities

				: Company
Туре	Average annual interest rate and commissions	Maturity	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Fixed assets purchase				
financing				
FINAME - project finance	Average interest of 3% to 8% p.a.	July/2023	46,126	62,435
ACC (advance on exchange	Forex + interest of 5.2% to 6.9%	June/2018	982,289	1,059,251
contract) (i)	p.a. TJLP + interest of	June/2022	339,316	388,650
BNDES - sub loan A (ii)	3,32% p.a. Floating rate	July/2022	734,699	873,196
BNDES - sub loan B (ii)	BNDES + interest of 3.32% p.a.	1.1.72022	027 007	004 505
BNDES - sub loans C, H and L	Floating rate BNDES + interest	July/2022	836,807	994,585
(ii)	of 4.52% p.a. TJLP + interest of	June/2022	88,754	101,657
BNDES - sub loan G (ii) BNDES - sub loan K (ii)	2.92% p.a. TJLP	June/2022	16,597	19,008
DIADES - Sub todil K (II)	TJLP + interest of	June/2022	93,506	107,008
BNDES - sub loan D (ii)	1.8% p.a. Floating rate BNDES + interest	July/2022	339,156	403,073
BNDES - sub loan E (ii)	of 1.8% p.a. Floating rate	July/2022	189,185	224,846
	BNDES + interest	00ty/2022	107,103	22 1,0 10
BNDES - sub loans F and J (ii)	of 3% p.a.			
PNDES sub-loop (iii)	TJLP + interest of	June/2022	24,014	27,504
BNDES - sub loan I (ii)	1.4% p.a. TJLP / selic +	May/2025	185,918	174,690
FINEM Florestal (xii) ECAs - Export Credit Agencies	spread Forex + interest of 2.8% to	November/ 2022	899,885	999,609
(iii)	5.69% p.a.	2022		
	IPCA + interest of	December/	1,232,706	1,211,140
Debentures (second issue) (iv) FCO (Center-West Financing	7.41% p.a. Interest of 8.5% to	2027		23,565
Fund) (v)	9 % p.a.		-	23,303
, , ,	Rate of 5.74% p.a.	December/	26,141	33,739
Working capital (vii)	in US\$ LIBOR + spread.	2020 March/2018	17 502	26 621
PPE (viii)	LIBOR + spread.	December/	17,592 616,676	36,631 859,824
NCE (vi)	CDI + spread	2019	010,070	037,024
CCB (xi)	19.70% p.a.		-	16,955
Lease	Fixed rate - 12.9854% p.a.	July/2020	2,318	2,715
			6,671,685	7,620,171
			Parent Com	pany
Breakdown			09/30/2017	12/31/2016

2,291,414 5,328,757

7,620,171

2,103,235 4,568,450

6,671,685

Parent Company

Noncurrent liabilities mature as	follows:		09/30/2017	
2018 2019 2020 2021 After 2022			346,289 1,034,815 801,987 796,808 1,588,551	
			4,568,450	
			Consol	idated
Туре	Average annual interest rate and commissions	Maturity	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Fixed assets purchase				
financing	Average : interpret of 20/ to 20/			
FINAME - project finance	Average interest of 3% to 8% p.a.	July/2023	46,126	62,435
ACC (advance on exchange	Forex + interest of 5.2% to	June/2018	002 200	02, 133
contract) (i)	6.9% p.a.		982,289	1,059,251
BNDES - sub loan A (ii)	TJLP + interest of 3.32% p.a. Floating rate BNDES +	June/2022	339,316	388,650
BNDES - sub loan B (ii)	interest of 3.32% p.a.	July/2022	734,699	873,196
BNDES - sub loans C, H and L	Floating rate BNDES +	July/2022	924 907	0,0,.,0
(ii)	interest of 4.52% p.a.	July/2022	836,807	994,585
BNDES - sub loan G (ii)	TJLP + interest of 2.92% p.a.	June/2022	88,754	101,657
BNDES - sub loan K (ii)	TJLP	June/2022	16,597	19,008
BNDES - sub loan D (ii)	TJLP + interest of 1.8% p.a.	June/2022	93,506	107,098
BNDES - sub loan E (ii)	Floating rate BNDES + interest of 1.8% p.a.	July/2022	339,156	403,073
BIADES - SUB TOUT E (II)	Floating rate BNDES +			403,073
BNDES - sub loans F and J (ii)	interest of 3% p.a.	July/2022	189,185	224,846
BNDES - sub loan I (ii)	TJLP + interest of 1.4% p.a.	June/2022	24,014	27,504
FINEM Florestal (xii)	TJLP / selic + spread	May/2025	185,918	174,690
ECAs - Export Credit Agencies	Forex + interest of 2.8% to	November/2022	899,885	ŕ
(iii)	5.69% p.a.	November / 2022	077,000	999,609
Debentures (second issue) (iv) FCO (Center-West Financing	IPCA + interest of 7.41% p.a.	December/2027	1,232,706	1,211,140
Fund) (v)	Interest of 8.5% to 9 % p.a.	-	-	23,565
Working capital (vii)	Rate of 5.74% p.a. in US\$	December/2020	26,141	33,739
PPE (viii)	LIBOR + spread	March/2018	17,592	36,631
NCE (vi)	CDI + spread	December/2019	616,676	859,824
CCB (xi)	19.70% p.a.	-	-	16,955
Term Loan (ix)	LIBOR + spread	April/2021	280,909	305,383
Bonds (x)	Rate of 8.625% p.a.	June/2021	1,117,781	1,140,981
Leasing	Fixed rate - 12.9854% p.a.	July/2020	2,318	2,715
			8,070,375	9,066,535

Breakdown

Current liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities

Consolidated

12/31/2016

2,364,186

6,702,349

9,066,535

Consolidated

09/30/2017

2,197,580

5,872,795

8,070,375

	Noncurrent liabilities mature as follows:	o	9/30/2017
	2018		381,148
	2019		1,104,533
	2020		871,705
	2021		1,926,858
	After 2022		1,588,551
			5,872,795
17.	1 Changes in loans and financing		
	Parent Company	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
	Opening Balance	7,620,171	9,366,633
	Interest - accrued	448,496	759,657
	Exchange differences - accrued	(135,797)	(986,571)
	New loans and financing	845,580	1,376,644
	Repayments		
	Principal	(1,647,487)	(1,828,600)
	Interest	(405,275)	(664,922)
	Exchange differences	(54,003)	(402,670)
	Closing balance	6,671,685	7,620,171
	Consolidated	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
	Opening balance	9,066,535	9,366,633
	Interest - accrued	539,142	798,711
	Exchange differences - accrued	(175,726)	(1,091,623)
	New loans and financing Repayments	845,580	2,948,694
	Principal	(1,686,421)	(1,828,600)
	Interest	(467,418)	(724,067)
	Exchange differences	(51,317)	(403,213)
	Closing balance	8,070,375	9,066,535

17.2 Company credit facilities

- (i) Working capital financing through ACCs (advances on exchange contracts).
- (ii) BNDES (Brazilian development bank) funding: on July 22, 2011 the Company entered into a financing agreement with Banco Nacional de Desenvolvimento Social (BNDES), amended on March 5 and August 10, 2012, totaling R\$2.7 billion, to build the pulp and paper plant, including the purchase of local machinery and equipment, and the implementation of the social investments program in plant neighboring areas.
- (iii) ECA (Export Credit Agency) financing agreements, disbursed on December 28, 2012.

- (iv) On December 1, 2012, the Company carried out the 2nd issue of simple debentures, fully subscribed by FI-FGTS. These debentures are nonconvertible, unsecured, with additional collateral and unsecured guarantee. The debentures were fully distributed on December 17, 2012.
- (v) FCO (Center-West Financing Fund) financing agreement, entered into with Banco do Brasil.
- (vi) Real-denominated Export Credit Notes (NCE) contracts.
- (vii) Borrowings from Catterpillar Financial Services, denominated in dollars, for financing the purchase of engines.
- (viii) In March 2016, the Company entered into an export prepayment contract aimed at extending the repayment profile of the working capital financing.
- (ix) In May 2016, Cellulose Eldorado Austria GmbH, Company's whollyowned subsidiary, entered into a Term Loan agreement with Banco do Brasil AG, Succursale France to extend the average term of its financing transactions.
- (x) In June 2016, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Eldorado Intl. Finance GmbH, issued Senior Unsecured Bonds/Notes in the amount of USD 350,000 thousand.
- (xi) Bank Credit Notes for equipment financing.
- (xii) Financing granted by BNDES for the company's eucalyptus planting.

17.3 Restrictive covenants

The Company has financing agreements that contain certain covenants for compliance with financial ratios. The agreements that contain such covenant are: (i) the facility agreements entered into with Export Credit Agencies - ECAs, (ii) the Debentures subscribed by the FI-FGTS; (iii) the bank letters of guarantee issued by Banco do Brasil and Santander to secure the Company's financing agreement entered into with the National Bank for Economic and Social Development - BNDES; and (iv) the facility and arrangement agreement ("term loan") entered into with Banco do Brasil in France.

For all cases in which the ratios obtained by the Company did not satisfy the restrictive conditions required by the agreement, the Company obtained, prior to 2017, a waiver from compliance with the ratios for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 or, where appropriate, the renegotiation of the indexes at new levels met by the Company.

The assumptions for the evaluation of the covenants in effect and applicable only by the end of the year are related to (i) debt ratio index, (ii) net debt on EBITDA, (iii) net debt on equity. There is also a covenant related to limit of indebtedness of the Company to be observed during the year.

17.4 Guarantees of the loans

All loan and financing agreements in the BNDES, FINEM Forest and ECAs modalities and part of the modalities of ACC, Finame, Working Capital, NCE and Debenture, are guaranteed by an endorsement granted by Parent Company J & F Investimentos S.A.

Debentures and certain long-term debts are also guaranteed by amounts in financial investments according to note 5.2.

18 Taxes payable, payroll and related taxes

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	09/30/2017	12/31/16 (Restated)	09/30/2017	12/31/16 (Restated)
Payroll and related taxes	45,248	61,349	46,980	63,008
Accruals and taxes	42,384	28,366	43,177	28,848
Taxes payable	120,545	57,320	121,668	58,088
	208,177	147,035	211,825	149,944

19 Deferred income tax and social contribution

(a) Reconciliation of the effective tax rates:

_	Parent Company		Consolidated	
D (1) (09/30/2017	09/30/2016 (Restated)	09/30/2017	09/30/2016 (Restated)
Profit before income tax and social contribution _ Income tax and social contribution	879,569	321,295	882,148	321,335
- statutory rate of 34%	(299,053)	(109,240)	(299,930)	(109,254)
Reconciliation for effective expenses Profit (loss) of investees accounted for as own capital, net of	(4.70)	47 772)		
taxes Nondeductible	66,763	(17,772)	-	-
expenses Government grant Effect of taxes of	(1,873) 62,395	430 60,784	(3,568) 62,395	410 60,784
foreign subsidiaries Others	8	7	66,763	(17,772)
Current and deferred income tax and social				
contribution _	(171,760)	(65,791)	(174,339)	(65,831)
Effective rate	(19.53%)	(20.48%)	(19.76%)	(20.49%)

(b) Changes in deferred income tax and social contribution:

Parent company and consolidated	12/31/2016	Additions	Deductions	09/30/2017
	(Restated)			
Tax losses (i)	` 586,048	-	(23,690)	562,358
Hedge - derivatives	(4,368)	-	4,368	-
Biological assets	(69,044)	(94,986)	-	(164,030)
Operational provisions	31,223		(2,498)	28,725
Balance in the period	543,859	(94,986)	(21,820)	427,053

(i) As at September 30, 2017, the Company had a balance of income tax and social contribution losses of R\$ 1,653,994.

Deferred taxes arising from temporary differences will be reversed as they are settled or realized. Tax losses can be carried forward indefinitely; however, the utilization of accumulated losses from prior years is limited to 30% of the annual taxable profit.

When assessing the probability of realization of deferred tax assets calculated on tax losses, Management considers earning taxable profit in its budget and in the multiannual strategic plan as from 2017 and, thus, it is highly possible that the deferred asset will be realized.

20 Provision for contingent liabilities

In the normal course of its activities, the Company is subject to tax, labor and civil lawsuits and, based on the opinion of its legal counsel and, where applicable, specific opinions issued by specialists, assesses the expected outcome of ongoing lawsuits and determines the need to whether or not set up a provision for contingent liabilities. Based on this assessment, the Company provided for the following amounts:

	12/31/2016	Additions	Disposals	Adjustment	09/30/2017
Civil Labor	1,871 5,306	500 5,058	(2) (2,311)	- 565	2,369 8,618
Tax	307	-	(3)	<u> </u>	304
	7,484	5,558	(2,316)	565	11,291
	12/31/2015	Addition	Disposal	Adjustment	12/31/2016
Civil	952	1,149	(230)	-	1,871
Labor	3,776	3,916	(1,874)	(512)	5,306
Tax	278	29		-	307
	5,006	5,094	(2,104)	(512)	7,484

As at September 30, 2017 the Company was a defendant in environmental, civil, labor and tax lawsuits, amounting to R\$ 499,300 (R\$ 436,697 at December 31, 2016), of which the Company accrued R\$ 11,291 (R\$ 7,484 as at December 31, 2016), classified by its management and legal counsel as likelihood of probable loss. The Company believes that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Management believes the negotiations will not occur during at least twelve months. In general, the claims that originated the lawsuits involve claims for obligations, indemnity for pain and suffering and property damages, collection and prohibitory interdict.

For the lawsuits classified as possible losses in the amount of R\$ 276,089 (R\$ 213,624 as at December 31, 2016), the Company believes that no provision for losses is required.

In one of the cases above, the Company is the defendant in an intellectual property dispute with Fibria Celulose SA, which alleges that the Company violated certain rights related to the use of eucalyptus clones in a small part of the Company's plantations. On April 19, 2013, Fibria filed a lawsuit for an anticipated production of evidence. As this was a mere production of evidence of Fibria, a report favorable to Fibria's claims was approved and the process terminated

On April 1, 2016, the Company was summoned to appear before a state court in the State of Mato Grosso do Sul as defendant in a lawsuit filed by Fibria in connection with the alleged infringement mentioned above, for which Fibria is seeking compensation in the amount of R\$ 100 million. On May 5, 2016, the Company argued for a change of venue and, in the alternative, that the case be dismissed.

stating briefly that according to the legal technical criteria, the examination of the samples showed that the seedlings were not the clones of Fibria and that, even if they were, the use by the Company would be assured by the provisions of the Law for Protection of Cultivars, with no damage to Fibria.

On September 26, 2016, the proceedings were conclusive and the urgent measure required by Fibria was granted, for the immediate cessation and abstention of the planting and spread of VT02 clone eucalyptus by the Company, throughout the Brazilian territory.

No provision for such action was recognized since the likelihood of loss is possible.

On December 08, 2017, CVM introduced the Administrative Sanctioning Process CVM n° 5388/2017 for object determine the purchase of derivatives contracts on behalf of the dollar of Eldorado Brasil S.A. and other members of your group companies, between the days may 05 and 17, 2017 with use of unfair practices, in alleged violation item II, item "d" of CVM Instruction n° 8/1979. Currently, the process is waiting for the presentation of defence by the accused, whose term ended in may 2018. In the current stage of the process cannot classify your probability of loss, as well as not was incorporated any provision for this process.

21 Equity

21.1 Issued capital

The subscribed and paid-in capital as at September 30, 2017 is R\$ 1,788,792, comprising 1,525,558,419 common shares.

	Common Shares
Balance at December 31, 2015 Issuance of shares	1,525,558,419
Balance at December 31, 2016 Issuance of shares	1,525,558,419
Balance at September 30, 2017	1.525.558.419

21.2 Statutory reserve

Recognized, when applicable, at the rate of 5% of the profit for each year, as provided for by Article 193 of Law 6.404/76, up to the ceiling of 20% of the share capital.

21.3 Dividends

Under the Company bylaws, the balance of the profit for the year remaining after the offset of accumulated losses and allocation to the legal reserve, tax incentive reserve and the investment reserve, is used for the payment of a mandatory minimum dividend that cannot be lower than 25% of profit for the year adjusted as prescribed by the Corporate Law.

21.4 Cumulative translation adjustments

The cumulative translation adjustments represent the foreign currency differences arising from the conversion of the interim financial information of foreign operations.

21.5 Earnings per share

Basic

Basic earnings per share were calculated by dividing the profit attributable to holders of common shares by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding:

Descrit attack stabile to Common surrous	09/30/2017 707,809	09/30/2016 (Restated) 255,504
Profit attributable to Company owners	707,809	255,504
Total shares outstanding in the period - thousands	1,525,558	1,525,558
Earnings per thousand shares	0.46	0.17

Net Revenue

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	09/30/2017	09/30/2016	09/30/2017	09/30/2016 (Restated)
Gross sales revenue	400.007	24/ 507	400.000	247 E04
Domestic market	400,087	316,587	400,088	316,591
Foreign market	1,647,984	1,777,350	2,453,531	2,292,135,
Discounts and rebates	(1,391)	(2,032)	(473,406)	(360,579)
	2,046,680	2,091,905	2,380,213	2,248,147,
Sales deductions and taxes	(45,890)	(22,817)	(35,197)	(25,205)
Net operating revenue	2,000,790	2,069,088	2,345,016	2,222,942,

23 Operating segments

a. Base for segmentation

The Company's management defined three segments: pulp, energy and others based on the reports used by the Board of Directors to make strategic and operating decisions. The summary below describes the operations of each of the segments, whose performance targets for assessment purposes are defined and controlled:

Reportable segments	Operations
Energy	Generation and sale of energy.
Pulp	Plantation and management of forest resources, purchase of wood, and production of pulp.
Others	Sale of chips, scrap and waste

b. Reportable segments

Information on the results of each reportable segment is presented below.

	Consolidated (Sep/17)				
	Pulp	Energy	Others	Total	
Net revenue					
Foreign market	1,989,532	-	-	1,989,532	
Domestic market	290,060	64,485	938	355,483	
Cost of goods sold	(826,566)	(1,569)	(4,293)	(832,428)	
Gross profit (loss)	1,453,026	62,916	(3,355)	1,512,587	
Operating expenses/revenues					
Administrative and general	(87,682)	-	-	(87,682)	
Selling and logistics	(238, 369)	-	-	(238, 369)	
Fair value of biological assets	338,026	-	-	338,026	
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	(321,258)	-	-	(321,258)	
Other revenues (expenses), net	90,054	-	-	90,054	

Net financial income (loss)				
Financial expenses	(632,223)	-	-	(632,223)
Financial revenues	71,563	-	-	71,563
Exchange rate gains (losses), net	149,450	-	-	149,450
Income/ (loss) before provision for Income and social contribution taxes	822,587	62,916	(3,355)	882,148
Income and social contribution taxes	(174,339)			(174,339)
Net income (loss) for the period	648,248	62,916	(3,355)	707,809

	Consolidated Set/16 (Restated)			
	Pulp	Energy	Others	Total
Net revenue				
Foreign market	1,942,674	-	=	1.942.674
Domestic market	256,750	23,354	164	280.268
Cost of goods sold	(888,827)	(8,155)	(5,642)	(902.624)
Gross profit (loss)	1.310.597	15,199	(5,478)	1,320,318
Operating expenses/revenues				
Administrative and general	(89,068)	-	-	(89.068)
Selling and logistics	(250, 172)	-	-	(250.172)
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	(255,422)	-	-	(255.422)
Other revenues (expenses),net	255,311			255.311
Net financial income (loss)				
Financial expenses	(1,588,626)	-	-	(1.588.626)
Financial revenues	61,374	-	-	61.374
Exchange rate gains (losses), net	867,620	-	-	867.620
Income/ (loss) before provision for Income				
and social contribution taxes	311.614	15,199	(5,478)	321,335
Income and social contribution taxes	(65.831)	<u> </u>		(65,831)
Net income (loss) for the period	245.783	15,199	(5,478)	255,504

Geographic segments

The information on the consolidated revenue based on the geographical location of customers is as follows:

Operating revenue	09/30/2017	09/30/2016
		(Restated)
Brazil	355,483	280,268
China	719,121	655,308
Italy	267,812	329,763
United States	165,804	161,282
Japan	124,673	100,132
Sweden	101,633	61,612
Germany	72,821	70,339
Singapore	65,922	87,122
Poland	62,062	58,514
Austria	61,208	112,844
Mexico	57,394	44,943

Canada France	47,833 46,798	42,974 30.094
Argentina	42,048	56,981
Others	154,404	130,766
	2,345,016	2,222,942

c. Information on major customers

No customer individually represents more than 10% of the Company's revenues.

d. Information on total noncurrent assets

In the presentation based on geographic segments, the segment's assets are based on the assets' geographic location.

Noncurrent assets	09/30/2017	12/31/2016 (Restated)
Brazil	8,597,178	8,462,670
Austria	49,227	2,967
United States	71	83
China	4	7
	8,646,480	8,465,727

24 Selling, logistics, general and administrative expenses

	Parent Company		Consoli	dated
	09/30/2017	09/30/2016	09/30/2017	09/30/2016 (Restated)
Personnel expenses Service, material and transportation	258,062	252,023	270,094	262,965
expenses Depreciation, depletion and	312,781	122,024	458,497	262,965,
amortization Raw materials and	309,640	250,497	321,258,	288,220
consumables	449,977	565,804	416,408	255,423
Others	10,108	109,415	13,481	122,956
	1,340,568	1,299,763	1,479,738	1,497,286,
Breakdown Cost of sales General and administrative	1,140,275	1,121,441	1,135,173	1,136,579,
expenses	82,891	72,613	92,622	97,443
Selling and logistics expenses	117,402	105,709	251,943	263,264,
	1,340,568	1,299,763	1,479,738	1,497,286,

25 Financial income (loss), net

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	09/30/2017	09/30/2016 (Restated)	09/30/2017	09/30/2016 (Restated)
Financial revenues				
Interest gains	4,126	1,109	4,278	1,330
Return on financial investments	34,557	58,099	34,681	58,100

Income from derivatives - gains Other financial revenues	28,300 4,140	1,931	28,300 4,304	1,944
	71,123	61,139	71,563	61,374
Financial expenses				
Sundry bank expenses	(149)	(132)	(450)	(393)
Interest losses	(553,914)	(626,028)	(554,633)	(624,462)
Income (loss) from derivatives -losses	-	(877,004)	-	(877,004)
Expenses on endorsement and surety	(64,552)	(73,855)	(64,553)	(73,854)
Other financial expenses	(7,104)	(2,173)	(12,587)	(12,913)
	(625,719)	(1,579,192)	(632,223)	(1,588,626)
Exchange rate gains (losses), net	149,424	867,395	149,450	867,620
	(405,172)	(650,658)	(411,210)	(659,632)

Gains (losses) on daily adjustments of financial instruments used as a hedge of assets and liabilities in the futures market, as well as the amounts of the positions marked to market of the agreements traded on the over-the-counter market, are recognized in line item "Gains (losses) on derivatives".

26 Other income (expenses), net

	Parent Cor	Parent Company		ated
	09/30/2017	09/30/2016	09/30/2017	09/30/2016
ICMS credits(a) PIS/COFINS credits (b) Insurance indemnity Others	103,086 - 388 (13,342)	131,602 107,973 532 14,791	103,086 - 388 (13,420)	131,602 107,973 532 15,204
	90,132	254,898	90,054	255,311

- (a) This refers to Government Grants for Investments under a tax incentive package granted by the Mato Grosso do Sul Government for use in future industrial expansion (Vanguarda 2.0 Project).
- (b) Untimely PIS/COFINS credits arising from the acquisition of inputs used in the production of pulp for export.

27 Employee benefits

a. Defined contribution pension plan.

In July 2015, the Company joined a pension plan from Fundação Petrobras de Seguridade Social - Petros, a closed pension fund.

Under the regulations of the benefit plan, the Company's contributions match the employees' contributions and may range from 3% to 6% of the nominal salary. The contributions made by the Company in the period as at September 30, 2017 totaled R\$ 1,825.

28 Insurance

As at September 30, 2017, the insurance coverage against operational risks with effective period of insurance policy from 08/15/2017 to 08/15/2018 totaled R\$ 5,221,064 for material damages, R\$ 2,382,530 for loss of profits, and R\$ 79,200 for civil liability with equal effective period from 08/15/2017 to 08/15/2018.

The risk assumptions adopted, given their nature, are not part of the scope of an audit, therefore, they were not audited by the independent auditors.

29 Financial instruments

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to market risks relating mainly to interest rate and foreign exchange fluctuation, credit risk and liquidity risks

a) Market risks

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices (such as exchange rates and interest rates will affect the company's earnings or the amount of its interest in financial instruments.

The objective of the market risk management is to manage and control the exposure to market risk within acceptable parameters, to optimize the return. The Company uses derivatives to manage the market risk. Generally, the Company seeks to use hedge to manage the volatility in profits or losses.

(i) Interest rate risks

The interest risk refers to the potential economic losses that the Company and its subsidiaries may incur due to the adverse fluctuations in this risk factor. The Company has assets and especially liabilities exposed to this risk, in transactions pegged to indices such as the CDI (Interbank Deposit Rate), TJLP (Benchmark Long-term Interest Rate), UMBNDES (BNDES Monetary Unit), LIBOR (London Interbank Offer Rate) and National Amplified Consumer Price Index (IPCA), and occasional transactions with fixed positions, regarding one of the indexes mentioned above, that could result in realized/unrealized losses caused by mark-to-market. The Company seeks to mitigate the interest rate risk by diversifying the contracted indices and, occasionally, entering into derivative transactions.

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk refers basically to loans and financing. The position as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

		Parent Company	
Туре	Average annual interest rate and commissions	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
FINAME - project finance ACC (advance on	Average interest of 3% to 8% p.a. Forex + interest of 5.2% to 6.9%	46,126	62,435
exchange contract)	p.a.	982,289	1,059,251
BNDES - sub loan A	TJLP + interest of 3.32% p.a. Floating rate BNDES + interest of	339,316	388,650
BNDES - sub loan B	3.32% p.a.	734,699	873,196

BNDES - sub loans C, H	Floating rate BNDES + interest of		
and L	4.52% p.a.	836,807	994,585
BNDES - sub loan G	TJLP + interest of 2.92% p.a.	88,754	101,657
BNDES - sub loan K	TJLP .	16,597	19,008
BNDES - sub loan D	TJLP + interest of 1.8% p.a.	93,506	107,098
	Floating rate BNDES + interest of		
BNDES - sub loan E	1.8% p.a.	339,156	403,073
BNDES - sub loans F	Floating rate BNDES + interest of		
and J	3% p.a.	189,185	224,846
BNDES - sub loan I	TJLP + interest of 1.4% p.a.	24,014	27,504
FINEM Florestal	TJLP / selic + spread	185,918	174,690
ECAs - Export Credit	Forex + interest of 2.8% to		
Agencies	5.69% p.a.	899,885	999,609
Debentures (second			
issue)	IPCA + interest of 7.41% p.a.	1,232,706	1,211,140
FCO (Center-West			
Financing Fund)	Interest of 8.5% to 9 % p.a.	-	23,565
Working capital	Rate of 5.74% p.a. in US\$	26,141	33,739
PPE	LIBOR + spread	17,592	36,631
NCE	CDI + spread	616,676	859,824
ССВ	19.70% p.a.	-	16,955
Leasing	Fixed rate - 12.9854% p.a.	2,318	2,715
Short-term		(315,379)	(982,303)
investments		(313,317)	(732,303)
		6,356,306	6,637,868

		Consolidated	
	Average annual interest rate		
Туре	and commissions	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
FINAME - project	Average interest of 3% to 8%	46,126	
finance	p.a.	40,120	62,435
ACC (advance on	Forex + interest of 5.2% to 6.9%		
exchange contract)	p.a.	982,289	1,059,251
BNDES - sub loan A	TJLP + interest of 3.32% p.a. Floating rate BNDES + interest	339,316	388,650
BNDES - sub loan B	of 3.32% p.a.	734,699	873,196
BNDES - sub loans C, H	Floating rate BNDES + interest		
and L	of 4.52% p.a.	836,807	994,585
BNDES - sub loan G	TJLP + interest of 2.92% p.a.	88,754	101,657
BNDES - sub loan K	TJLP	16,597	19,008
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BNDES - sub loan E	of 1.8% p.a.	339,156	403,073
BNDES - sub loans F	Floating rate BNDES + interest		
and J	of 3% p.a.	189,185	224,846
BNDES - sub loan I	TJLP + interest of 1.4% p.a.	24,014	27,504
FINEM Florestal	TJLP / selic + spread	185,918	174,690
ECAs - Export Credit	Forex + interest of 2.8% to		
Agencies	5.69% p.a.	899,885	999,609
Debentures (second			
issue)	IPCA + interest of 7.41% p.a.	1,232,706	1,211,140
FCO (Center-West		-	
Financing Fund)	Interest of 8.5% to 9 % p.a.		23,565
Working capital	Rate of 5.74% p.a. in US\$	26,141	33,739
PPE	LIBOR + spread	17,592	36,631
NCE	CDI + spread	616,676	859,824
CCB	19.70% p.a.	=	16,955
Term Loan	LIBOR + spread	280,909	305,383
Bonds	Rate of 8.625% p.a.	1,117,781	1,140,981
Leasing	Fixed rate - 12.9854% p.a.	2,318	2,715
Short-term investments		(364,506)	(1,032,842)

7,705,869 8,033,693

Sensitivity analysis

Debt

For the purpose of providing information on how the market risks to which the Company is exposed as at September 30, 2017, would behave, the possible 25% and 50% changes in interest rates on the risk variables, as compared to the probable, are shown below.

Management considers that the closing interest rates used to measure Company financial assets and financial liabilities, at the reporting date, represent a probable scenario, whose effects are already recognized in profit or loss. The net results of exposures are as follows:

Parent company				
Operation - 09/30/2017	Balance (BRL)	Probable	Possible 25% (i)	Remote 50% (ii)
Loans and financing Financial investments (in BRL)	(6,671,685) 315,379	9,639 (1,577)	(1,060,177) (6,418)	(2,120,355) (12,836)
Net interest rate exposure		8,062	(1,066,595)	(2,133,191)
Consolidated				
Operation - 09/30/2017	Balance (BRL)	Probable	Possible 25% (i)	Remote 50% (ii)
Loans and financing	(8,070,375)	17,586	(1,409,850)	(2,819,700)
Financial investments (in USD)	49,127	(279)	12,282	24,563
Financial investments (in BRL)	315,379	(1,577)	(6,418)	(12,836)
Net interest rate exposure		15,730	(1,403,986)	(2,807,973)

Scenarios II and II take into account a 25% and 50% increase in the interest rates, respectively.

The loan cost based on the basket of currencies is defined based on the average funding cost of the Bank in the international market and consists of the UMBNDES plus a basket of currencies that corresponds to a variable interest rate.

The long-term interest rate (TJLP) was created to be used as a benchmark of the basic cost of funding granted by BNDES and at the reporting date was 7.0% per year (7.5% per year in December 2016).

(ii) Foreign exchange rate risks

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange rate risk when there is a mismatching between the currencies in which its sales, purchases and loans are denominated and its functional currency.

The main exposures to which the Company is exposed are the fluctuations of the US dollar and Euro rates in relation to the Brazilian real.

As at September 30, 2017, the US Dollar and Euro quotations were R\$ 3.1680 and R\$ 3.7430, respectively.

As at September 30, 2017, the foreign exchange fluctuation risk concentrates in line items 'Trade receivables', 'Advances to suppliers', 'Trade payables' and 'Borrowings'.

In order to hedge against the foreign exchange volatility risk, the Company seeks to balance the amounts of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies.

The Company's assets and liabilities exposed to the foreign exchange risk as at September 30, 2017 are as follows:

· ar one company	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Operational		
Trade receivables (US Dollar)	717,113	814,667
Advances (Euro)	· -	140
Trade payables (Euro)	(77)	(10)
Trade payables (US Dollar)	(440)	(258)
Trade payables (GBPE Sterling)	(37)	=
Loans and financing (US Dollar)	(4,025,753)	(4,624,931)
	(3,309,194)	(3,810,392)
Net exposure to currency risk	(3,309,194)	(3,810,392)

The foreign exchange rate risk may result in losses for the Company due to a possible depreciation of the Real.

Sensitivity analysis

For the purpose of providing information on how the market risks to which the Company is exposed at September 30, 2017, would behave, the possible 25% and 50% changes in interest rates on the risk variables, as compared to the probable scenario, are shown below. Management considers that the closing quotations used to measure Company financial assets and financial liabilities, at the reporting date, represent a probable scenario, whose effects are already recognized in profit or loss. The net results of asset and liability exposures are as follows:

Parent Company

			09/30/2017	
Operation	Balance (BRL)	Status	25%	50%
Trade accounts receivable Trade accounts payable Loans and financing	717,113 (554) (4,025,753)	(4,075) 3 22,874	179,278 (139) (1,006,438)	358,557 (277) (2,012,877)
Net exposure to exchange rate gains (losses)	-	18,802	(827,299)	(1,654,597)

(iii) Price risk

The Company is exposed to wood price volatility only for new agreements not closed, resulting from factors beyond management control, such as climate factors, offer volume, transportation costs, forestry policies and others. To ensure the supply of the raw material necessary for the operation of its plant, the Company has been entering into partially prepaid wood supply contracts for future delivery and is not exposed to the volatility of prices for the contracts already signed.

Parent Company	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
Estimated number of firm contracts Advances/payments made	733,888 (434,053)	732,083 (377,776)
	299,835	354,307

The risks of not receiving the wood are mitigated by the continuous monitoring of forest development by Company specialists.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company may incur losses on a financial instrument arising from the failure of a customer or counterparty to perform contractual obligations. The risk basically refers to trade receivables and financial instruments, as described below.

The credit risk in the Company's operating activities is managed based on specific rules for customer acceptance, credit analysis and establishment of exposure limits for each customer, which are periodically reviewed. The Company works to ensure the realization of the past-due receivables by constantly monitoring its default customers and using letter of credit and other financial instruments.

Bank deposits and financial investments are contracted with first-tier financial institutions; therefore, the risk of incurring any loss with these financial institutions is minimum.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of the financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period was:

	Parent Company		Consoli	dated
	09/30/2017	12/31/16	09/30/201 7	12/31/16
Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments Trade receivables Derivatives receivable	174,581 165,483 847,195	829,602 161,399 954,120 12,846	405,575 214,610 544,283	1,044,637 161,399 525,453 12,846
	1,187,259	1,957,967	1,164,468	1,744,335

c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may face difficulties to fulfill its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled through delivery of cash or other financial assets.

The Company's long-term debts comprise the following types: BNDES, ECAs and debentures, with maturities between 10 and 15 years, and grace period of less than one year, and also debts taken by its subsidiaries, Term Loans and Bonds. The ECA and debenture debts have customized payments. In the first years, the repayment of the principal is lower than in years that approximate the total settlement.

The Company's working capital financing is made by contracting ACCs, NCEs and Prepayments credit lines.

The table below shows the fair value of the Company's financial liabilities according to their maturities and do not include expected interest cash outflows:

Parent Company	Less than 1 year	01 to 02 years	02 to 03 years	After 03 years	Fair Value	
At September 30, 2017 Trade payables Loans and financing	188,399 2,103,235	2,299 1,381,103	2,299 1,598,795	2,476 1,588,552		
Amounts due to related parties	118,070	104,280	1,187,736	-	1,410,086	
(-) Derivatives receivable	(174,581)				(174,581)	
	2,235,123	1,487,682	2,788,830	1,591,028	8,102,663	
At December 31, 2016 Trade payables Loans and financing (-) Debts with related Parties	229,311 2,291,414 115,404	2,065,799 143,038	1,546,773 1,221,891	- 1,716,185 -	229,311 7,620,171 1,480,333	
(-) Derivatives receivables	(12,846)	-	-	-	(12,846)	
(-) Cash and cash equivalents	(829,602)				(829,602)	
	1,793,681	2,208,837	2,768,664	1,716,185	8,487,367	
Consolidated	Less than 1 year	01 to ye	0 0 2 0 2 Pars	2 to 03 years	After 03 years	Fair Value
At September 30, 2017 Trade payables Loans and financing		ye	ears 299			Fair Value 198,424 8,126,424
At September 30, 2017 Trade payables Loans and financing Amounts due to related parties	year 191,350	ує 2,	ears 299	years 2,299	years 2,476	198,424
At September 30, 2017 Trade payables Loans and financing Amounts due to related	year 191,350 2,197,580	ує 2,	ears 299	years 2,299	years 2,476	198,424 8,126,424
At September 30, 2017 Trade payables Loans and financing Amounts due to related parties (-) Derivatives	year 191,350 2,197,580 16,078	ує 2,	299 681 2,7	years 2,299	years 2,476	198,424 8,126,424 16,078
At September 30, 2017 Trade payables Loans and financing Amounts due to related parties (-) Derivatives	year 191,350 2,197,580 16,078 (405,575)	ye 2, 1,485,	299 681 2,7 - - 980 2,8	years 2,299 798,563 - -	years 2,476 1,644,600	198,424 8,126,424 16,078 (405,575)
At September 30, 2017 Trade payables Loans and financing Amounts due to related parties (-) Derivatives receivable At December 31, 2016 Trade payables Loans and financing	year 191,350 2,197,580 16,078 (405,575) 1,999,433	2, 1,485, 	299 681 2,7 - - 980 2,8	2,299 798,563 - - - 300,862	2,476 1,644,600 - - 1,647,076	198,424 8,126,424 16,078 (405,575) 7,935,351
At September 30, 2017 Trade payables Loans and financing Amounts due to related parties (-) Derivatives receivable At December 31, 2016 Trade payables Loans and financing (-) Debts with related Parties	year 191,350 2,197,580 16,078 (405,575) 1,999,433 239,050 2,364,186	2, 1,485, 	299 681 2,7 - - 980 2,8	2,299 798,563 - - - 300,862	2,476 1,644,600 - - 1,647,076	198,424 8,126,424 16,078 (405,575) 7,935,351 239,050 9,066,535
At September 30, 2017 Trade payables Loans and financing Amounts due to related parties (-) Derivatives receivable At December 31, 2016 Trade payables Loans and financing (-) Debts with related Parties (-) Derivatives receivables	191,350 2,197,580 16,078 (405,575) 1,999,433 239,050 2,364,186 36,205	2, 1,485, 	299 681 2,7 - - 980 2,8	2,299 798,563 - - - 300,862	2,476 1,644,600 - - 1,647,076	198,424 8,126,424 16,078 (405,575) 7,935,351 239,050 9,066,535 36,205

d. Operational risks

(i) Biological assets

The valuation of biological assets at their fair value, made quarterly by the Company, considers certain estimates, such as: wood price, discount rate, forest productivity and silvicultural costs, which are subject to uncertainties and may generate effects on future income (loss) as a result of their variations. The change in fair value is determined by the difference between fair values of biological assets at beginning and end of the period evaluated.

The forests that make up the biological assets are subject to operational and environmental risks, such as fires, pests, diseases and climatic variations.

In the Company, forest protection against fire, pests and diseases is based on a strategy of prevention, monitoring and control. Annually maintenance of firebreaks, which are an area without vegetation where the soil is cleared, causing the discontinuity of combustible vegetal material and, thus, preventing that burnings and fires are spread.

Also, constant monitoring is done through a camera system strategically positioned in the forests, with the use of alarm systems and contact with fire brigades trained to fight fire outbreaks in forest areas In cases of pest and disease occurrence, the management of Forest Research and Technology operates with physiology and phytosanitary experts who adopt procedures for diagnosis and fast measures against the possible occurrences and losses of forest production.

Additionally, there is an exposure to risks related to weather changes, which may affect the ecosystem balance and, consequently, productivity of plantings. The Company adopts measures of control and monitoring of forest productivity, such as monitoring of handling, in addition to nutrition and genetic improvement, which includes adaptation of species in different weather conditions. We have increased the number of clones planted on an operational scale to mitigate risks inherent to weather changes. With increasing genetic variability, we can affirm that we currently have forests more prepared to adapt to the oscillations of the climate.

We continually improve our forest handling plan, which contains the main guidelines and information on our silvicultural operations, harvesting, timber transportation, native vegetation conservation areas, and social and environmental responsibility initiatives. In addition, we are guardians of approximately 100 thousand hectares of preserved areas, including permanent preservation areas, legal reserve areas and other conservation areas. Sustainable and innovative initiatives together with responsible management guarantee the balanced use of natural resources essential for the continuity of our business.

Our forest operations are certified by the Forest Stewardship Council, or FSC, an independent international non-profit organization. The FSC establishes ten principles and several criteria for describing essential elements or rules of environmentally adequate, socially beneficial and economically viable forest handling, all of which must be applied in a forest handling unit before it can be FSC certified. FSC certificates are

valid for five years, but certification bodies qualified by FSC conduct annual audits to check continued compliance with FSC certification requirements.

e) Fair value of financial instruments

The assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are classified based on the following fair value hierarchy levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices), and valuation techniques that use market inputs.
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market inputs. The Company and its subsidiaries do not have instruments in this measurement level.

The table below shows the classification per risk level:

	09/30/2017		09/30/2017 12/31		12/31/2016	2/31/2016	
Parent Company	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets Derivatives Receivables	_	_	_	_	12,846	_	
Financial investments	165,483	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	161,399	-		
Total Assets	165,483			161,399	12,846		

		09/30/2017			12/31/2016	
Parent Company	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Liabilities Loans and financing Amounts due to related parties	-	6,671,685 1,410,086	-	-	7,620,171 1,480,333	-
Total Liabilities						
lotal Liabilities		8,081,771			9,100,504	
		09/30/2017			12/31/2016	
Consolidated	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets Derivatives receivables Financial investments	- 214,610	- -	-	- 161,399	12,846	- -
						
Total Assets	214,610			161,399	12,846	
		09/30/2017			12/31/2016	
Consolidated	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Liabilities Loans and financing Amounts due to	-	8,070,37 5	-	-	9,066,535	-
related parties		16,078	-		36,205	
Total Liabilities		8,086,45 <u>3</u>	-		9,102,740	

Breakdown of the balances of financial instruments per category and fair value:

	09/30/2017		12/31/2016	
Parent company	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Assets				
Loans and receivables Trade accounts receivable Intercompany receivables	848,097 2,776	848,097 2,776	954,120 27,241	954,120 27,241
Fair value through income (loss) Derivatives receivable Financial investments	- 165,483	- 165,483	12,846 161,399	12,846 161,399
Total financial assets	1,016,356	1,016,356	1,155,606	1,155,606

_	09/30/2017		12/31/20	16				
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value				
Liabilities								
Liabilities at amortized cost Loans and financing Debts with related parties	6,671,685 1,410,086	6,671,685 1,410,086	7,620,171 1,480,333	7,620,171 1,480,333				
Total financial liabilities	8,081,771	8,081,771	9,100,504	9,100,504				
	09/30/20	17	12/31/20	116				
Consolidated	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value				
Assets								
loans and receivables Trade accounts receivable Intercompany receivables	542,810 112	542,810 112	525,453 24,500	525,453 24,500				
Fair value through income (loss) Derivatives receivable Financial investments	- 214,610	- 214,610	12,846 161,399	12,846 161,399				
Total financial assets	757,532	757,532	724,198	724.19				
<u>-</u>	09/30/2017		09/30/2017		09/30/2017		12/31/20	16
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value				
Liabilities								
Liabilities at amortized cost Loans and financing Amounts due to related parties	8,070,375 16,078	8,126,424 16,078	9,066,535 36,205	8,925,981 36,205				
Total financial liabilities	8,086,453	8,142,502	9,102,740	8,962,186				

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities refers to the value for which the instrument can be changed in a current transaction between willing parties and not in a forced sale or liquidation transaction. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value are described below.

The fair value of related-party receivables/payables approximates their carrying amounts, mainly due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The fair value of the loans and financing, and the company's debentures are measured in two ways: 1) for debts with renegotiation in the secondary market, where the settlement value may differ from their cost, the market value on the last day available is used; 2) for debts that are not traded in the secondary market, where the settlement value is close to the cost (principal and interest accrued to the date), the carrying amount is used as the fair value. A substantial part of the company's debts is under this category, including, but not limited to, debts to BNDES, ACC, ECAs and others.

Derivatives are measured using valuation techniques based on observable market data. The valuation techniques most frequently applied include swap contract pricing models, calculating the present value of the cash flows involved in the transaction. For positions of future commodities on the BM&F, the adjustment price disclosed by this entity is used. The models comprise several data, including the credit quality of the counterparty, location and the contracted rates.

30 Operating Leases

a. Land operating leases

Land operating leases are paid as follows:

	Parent Company and Consolidated		
	09/30/2017	12/31/2016	
2017	32,144	91,895	
2018	99,423	93,323	
2019	104,423	93,817	
2020	108,635	93,725	
2021 and thereafter	860,201	619,902	
	1,204,826	992,662	

The Company leases land used in its operations under operating lease agreements effective for fourteen years. Lease payments are adjusted every five years according to market rentals. Some leases provide for additional lease payments that are based on individual valuations of each farm.

The leases recorded by the Company refer basically to land where eucalyptus is planted. As no land title deed is transferred, the Company determined that the land leases are operating leases. The lease paid to the land lessor is adjusted according to market prices at regular intervals, and the Company does not participate in any residual value; it was determined that basically all the risks and rewards of the lease are of the lessor. Thus, the Company determined that the leases are operating leases.

b. Operating Lease of Chemical and Oxygen Plant and Gas Distribution Line

(i) Future minimum lease payments

As at September 30, 2017, future minimum noncancelable lease payments are as follows:

	Parent Company and Consolidated	
	09/30/2017	12/31/2016
2017 2018 2019	23,427 74,725 74,725	74,725 74,725 74,725
2020 2021 and thereafter	74,725 559,977	74,725 559,977
	807,579	858,877

(ii) Amounts recognized in income (loss)

	Parent Company and Consolidated	
	09/30/2017	09/30/2016
Lease expenses	76,947	50,963
	76,947	50,963

The Company has take-or-pay contracts of two chemical plants and one distribution line to meet the needs for inputs to produce pulp.

There are three take-or-pay contracts, two of them with a fifteen years term, one to meet the needs for Chlorine Dioxide that started in December 2012, whose price of Ton of Sodium Chloride shall be adjusted on the first day of each year by the IPCA (Extended Consumer Price Index) and another to meet the needs for Oxygen in its gaseous form that started in October 2012, whose debt was contracted in dollar and the monthly fixed installments shall be adjusted by the CPI (Consumer Price Index) on the first day of each year. The third contract has a twelve-year term to meet the needs for industrial natural gas, which started in May 2016, whose price of cubic meter is comprised of three factors: a) price of the natural gas adjusted quarterly according to the arithmetic averages of the daily quotations disclosed in the Spot Price Assessments list published on the Platt's Oilgram Price Report; b) average transportation tariff divided into two installments, the first adjusted by 0.5% p.a. and another by 3.5% p.a., both on the first day of each year; c) fixed margin of the distributor adjusted on the first day of each year by the IPCA (Extended Consumer Price Index). Beginning June 30, 2020, the parties will renegotiate the commercial conditions of the natural gas supply, when the Company may terminate the present contract if there is an economic and financial imbalance or excessive burden to the Company.

c. Lease of rail cars for railway transportation

(vii) As at September 30, 2017, future minimum receipts of non-cancellable leases are as follows:

Parent Company and Consolidated

	09/30/2017
2017	3,891
2018	16,589
2019	16,589
2020	4,896
	41,965

The Company has lease agreement for 432 rail cars for railway transportation to load exclusively pulp.

It is a contract with a term of 33 months beginning on September 01, 2017 and ending May 31, 2020 which may be extended for the same period by means of an amendment. The installments will be adjusted at the variation of IPCA.

31. Plea Bargain Agreement, Leniency Deal and Independent Investigation

31.1 General information about the Plea Bargain Agreement of executives and former executives at J&F Investimentos S.A.

As is public knowledge, in may 2017 certain executives and former executives of J&F Investimentos S.A. ("J&F"), in its capacity as parent company of companies belonging to the Group "J&F", of which the company forms part, took some obligations in the Plea Bargain Agreement awarded the Attorney General's Office ("PGR"), aiming at the service of the public interest, in particular the deepening, across the country, the research around events contrary to the law.

31.2. Leniency Deal of J&F Investments S.A.

On 05 June 2017 J&F Investimentos S.A. ("J&F"), parent company of the company, entered into an Plea Bargain Agreement with the Federal Public Prosecution Office ("MPF"), approved by the 5th Board coordination and review of the MPF on August 24, 2017, to which the company joined on September 21, 2017 ("Deal").

In the Deal the J&F is committed, on your behalf and on behalf of the companies controlled by it, to cooperate voluntarily with the State, to carry out internal investigations and provide you with information to prove the materiality and authorship of acts irregular committed and confessed, where J&F is committed to fully repair the damage and losses resulting from infractions upon payment of R\$10.3 billion over the next 25 years, being R\$ 50 million in semi-annual installments maturing in December 2017, and other 22 (twenty-two) annual installments to cover the debit balance due from December 2020, to be paid exclusively by J&F by way of compensation for damage caused by the facts investigated in various operations filed by the MPF and the Federal Police (PF), such as, "Cui Bono", "Carne Fraca", "Sepsis" and "Greenfied", and by other facts mentioned in information and consequently described in annexes contained in the respective Deal.

J&F, undertook also (i) implement measures to prevent the practice of illicit acts, corruption and bribery by performing the improvement and implementation of health programmes, (ii) cooperate and collaborate effectively with the official investigations, by conducting a broad internal investigation that must obey international practices, in order to ascertain the facts already taken in good faith to the authorities 'knowledge, as well as, (iii) repair the damage arising from acts confessed and described in the respective Deal.

31.3 Internal investigation held within the Company

Under clause 15, XX, of the Deal, is the obligation to conduct internal research Collaborator, following international practices, with the scope to verify and corroborate the illicit facts described in the Deal and identify possible existence of additional documents or evidence of corroboration of the facts narrated in the agreement.

In the face of such an obligation, and as a result of the Company's adherence to the Deal, was conducted internal investigation ("internal investigation") in the company by law firm Barros Pimentel, Alcantara and Gil Rodriguez Lawyers ("BP"), having designated the PricewaterhouseCoopers Contadores Públicos Ltda. ("PwC") to provide specialized forensic services, *hosting*, data processing and analysis necessary for an investigation of this nature. In this way, BP and PwC wrote the investigation team.

We think it is important to point out that, on August 11, 2017, as part of the obligations assumed under the Deal, was made up of an Independent Supervision Committee ("CSI" or "Committee") to accompany internal investigation and yet, provide any clarifications directly to the MPF. This Committee has ratified the appointment of the investigating team, passing this to respond directly to the Committee, including with regard to your scope of practice and preliminary and final findings.

Different independent investigation commissioned by the company in July 2016, which gave for decision of your Board of Directors, the internal investigation stems from the Deal. The independent investigation of 2016 was hired by a decision of the directors of the Company, being the goal of the work make a calculation for internal purposes, having the work completed in January 2017, and their results reported in financial statements for the financial year ended December 31, 2016.

In 2017, in accordance with the Deal, the internal investigation conducted by the Investigation Team aimed to verify and corroborate the illicit facts described in the Deal and identify any documents or evidence for additional corroboration of the facts narrated in the related Deal with the Company, as well as new suits eventually found. The Company explains that there are annexes to the Deal that are still under wraps for determination of competent Judgment.

With respect to the execution of the work, we clarify that according to the Investigation Team, these followed standard methodology used internationally for this type of procedure and nature, being that the analysis had based on: (i) documents requested by the Investigation Team to the Company; (ii) documents collected from electronic equipment to employees and former employees, as well as file and network servers of the Company; (iii) conduct of interviews with relevant persons considered "key" to the process, and (iv) documents provided by J&F pertinent to the Leniency Deal.

Among the activities carried out by the Investigation Team include: a) definition of custodians, equipments, data collection in the cities of São Paulo/SP and Três Lagoas/MS and network data collection on the servers of the Company in São Paulo/SP, which reassembled approximately 6.7 terabytes of data; b) monitoring the work, in the form of *shadowing*, by auditing company BDO RCS Auditores Independentes SS, current auditing firm hired by the Company from the year 2017 and follow-up by KPMG Auditores Independentes as the audit firm hired by the Company until the year 2016; c) conducting interviews with employees and ex-employees of the Company and employees of J&F that may have something to do with the facts under review; d) definition of search expressions (*key words*) and processing of the data collected, and the result of the processing of such data, the basis for analysis purposes contained about of 2,933,313 items, which focused the search expressions. After the processing of the collected data and application of search expressions, was carried out the analysis of 145,557 documents, the number of documents scanned to the end (third level of analysis), the total of 1,186 documents.

After 218 days of work, the Investigation Team, the day February 28, 2017, issued a preliminary report, delivered to the Committee. Independent research has not been fully terminated, due to missing only 3 custodians interviews that could not be heard until this date. The initial conclusions of this preliminary report, related to facts and data analyzed so far, are in the sense that it has not been found any new fact, beyond

those already publicly known and referred to in the annexes to the Deal, as well as the there were no new facts in the context of the assessment of impacts on the financial statements of the Company.

Of the subjects examined, the one who brought the Company accounting impacts was that related to the verification of the circumstances of the payments made by the Company in the scheme operated by Lucio Funaro to the release of funds by the FI-FGTS and Federal Economic Bank (CEF).

The impact would consist in the payment of R\$ 37.4 million to companies linked to Lucio Funaro (Viscaya Holding Participações, Intermediações, Estruturações e Serviços S/S Ltda; Serra da Carioca Com. de Energia Elétrica Ltda and Araguaia Comercializadora de Energia Elétrica Ltda.), over the years from 2012 to 2014, not having been proven effective provision of services. In this context, the Company informs that in December 12, 2017 received infraction notice drawn up by the Federal Income from Brazil (RFB) in the amount of R\$ 8.7 million, whose object was income tax at source on the paid services, but unproven in fiscal year 2012. The Company made the payment in full of the infraction, in the amount of R\$ 6.6 million, with 50% reduction of the fine, and provisioned the value of R\$ 38.7 million for the payment of any new assessments relating to the exercise of 2013 and 2014, as well as reworked the calculation of Income tax and social contribution of R\$ 2.4 million and Deferred income tax and social contribution of R\$ 14 million, impacting net income amounting to R\$ 33.7 million on losses accumulated in shareholders 'equity, which are reflected in its financial statements.

Important to note that, despite having been performed by the Company payments to Companies linked to Lucio Funaro, in accordance with the annexes 04 and 06 of the Deal i) interactions with Lucio Funaro were not made by directors or employees of the Company and the executives Company had no knowledge of the setting with Lucio Funaro; ii) was a system of payment made to companies linked to Lucio Funaro through invoices issued against companies in the group, and with respect to the Company were made payments in the amount of R\$ 37.4 million; iii) funding obtained by the Company did not have more advantageous conditions than other financing granted to other companies at the time. In this respect, the report brings conclusion corroborating the allegations above.

32. Share purchase and sale agreement

On September 02, 2017, J&F Investimentos S.A., the Company's parent company, entered into a purchase and sale agreement for the sale of all its direct and indirect ownership interest in the Company to CA Investment (Brazil) S.A., a company of the Paper Excellence group, at the total amount of the Company of R\$ 15 billion, to be adjusted according to working capital and net debt, under the agreement terms ("Operation").

As at March 31, 2018, the Company's shareholding structure consists of 49.42% of ownership interest from CA Investment (Brazil) S.A. and 50.58% of ownership interest from J&F Investimentos S.A., sole shareholders of Eldorado, the latter being the Company's parent company.

The conclusion of the mentioned Operation with the sale of the totality of the Company's shares to CA Investment (Brazil) S.A., is subject to common condition precedents established in such type of Operation. Pursuant to the mentioned purchase and sale agreement, the Operation has a term of up to twelve (12) months to be completed.

Board of Executive Officers

Aguinaldo Gomes Ramos Filho CEO Germano Aguiar Vieira Forest Director

Carlos Roberto de Paiva Monteiro Industrial Technical Director Rodrigo Libaber Business and Investor Relations Director

Board of Directors

José Batista Sobrinho Chairman of the Board of Directors Sérgio Longo Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors

Humberto Junqueira de Farias Board Member Francisco de Assis e Silva Board Member

José Antonio Batista Costa Board Member

Accountant

Angela Midori Shimotsu do Nascimento CRC SP 227742/0-7